The Centre Reporter.

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NEWTON C. YARNELL LOSES ARM IN CORN HUSKING MACHINE.

Reaches in for Ear of Corn Which Had Become Lodged and Spikes Catch Glove and Draw Arm In.—Amputated Four Inches Below Shoulder.

Newton C. Yarnell, tenant on the David J. Meyer farm, east of Linden Hall, was the victim of one of the most serious accidents to befall a Centre county farmer in many years when on Monday morning at eight o'clock he lost his left arm in a corn husking and shredding machine. It was the old story of reaching in for an ear of corn which had become lodged in the spiked rolls, something which is regarded as the acme of danger. It was but an instant until the fast-moving spikes took hold of the gloved hand and then there was no removing it. Swiftly the arm was drawn into the machine and torn and crushed in a frightful manner. His cries soon brought his sons, George and Edward, who were working at the far end of the machine, to their father's side, and throwing off the power attempted to release him, but this was impossible without first taking apart the rolls, an operation which required twenty minutes time. Mr. Yarnell bore the ordeal with marked stoicism and was least excited of the trio, giving instructions relative to the proper manner of taking the machinery apart. Once released he walked almost unaided to the yard at his home and calmly awaited the coming of an automobile which was to take him to the Bellefonte hospital. The farm telephone was put in operation and soon there was a large crowd of neighbors ready to render any necessary assistance. Dr. H. H. Longwell covered the six miles in record time and under his directions John Wert conveyed the injured man by auto to the hospital where at eleven o'clock the arm was taken off four inches below the shoulder, Dr. Longwell performing the surgical work.

The hospital authorities are very optimistic regarding the outcome of the operation.

The corn husker has been in operation for three seasons on that farm, Mr. Yarnell feeding the machine practically all the time. Only on Saturday he was cautioned of the danger connected with feeding it, Mr. Yarnell assuring the members of his family that he was too careful to allow any accident to befall him.

A week ago Mr. Yarnell's son, George, was injured on the gasoline engine which supplied the power for the shredder, and since has been carrying his arm in a sling. In tightening the belt on the drive wheel he was thrown onto the engine, his arm coming in contact with the fast-revolving fly wheel, causing him to receive a bad injury to his elbow.

The string of misfortunes which have resulted from the workings of the machine are at an end, however, on the Yarnell place, for the family has decided to dispose of it as soon as possible.

Mr. Yarnell has the sympathy of his many friends, whose sincere wish is that he may speedily be returned to his home, where, although handicapped by the loss of an arm, he may still continue farm operations through his two sons.

Lad Felled by a Tree.

Carl Glasgow, eight-year-old son of John Glasgow, of Coburn, was badly injured on Saturday while assisting his father in cutting trees on a knob below Coburn. The lad got in the way of a falling tree and was crushed to the ground, being rendered unconscious. He was rushed to the Bellefonte hospital where it was discovered that he had sustained a puncture in the back of the head, besides being considerably bruised about the arms and legs. His condition is favorable for complete recovery.

T. R. Wins for Wilson.

The Colonel's efforts as a campaigner were uniformly successful. He travelled clear to Arizona and spoke at Phoenix, and Arizona went for Wilson. He spoke at Gallup, N. M., and New Mexico swung into the Democratic column. He spoke at Denver, and Colorado made a new record with its Democratic majority. He spoke in Kansas and Kansas for the first time since 1896 gave its electoral vote to the Democratic candidate for President. He spoke in Maine, and the normal Republican majority fell off 50 per cent. A little more assistance from the Colonel might have made things practically unanimous wherever he stopped.

One of the unique wagers on the election was made in Bellefonte, H. F. McManaway, of the State-Centre Electric company, winning out by reason of Wilson's election. The loser, C. H. Buckins, performed his stunt Saturday afternoon, which was to roll peanut from the diamond to the railroad station, using a twenty-foot pike pole.

CHAS. SLUTTERBECK KILLS 265-LB. BEAR IN CORN FIELD.

While Party Armed With Winchesters is on the Trail, Bear Walks Upon Young Man in Corn Field and is Laid Low With Shotgun.

A 265-lb. black bear walked up to Charles Slutterbeck, twenty-year-old son of Arthur Slutterbeck, of Tusseyville, while he was husking corn on the home farm, shortly before the noon hour, Saturday, and the young man without the least perturbation seized his shot gun which he had taken to the field for rabbits and let drive a load of fine shot into Mr. Bear. The shot proved a good one, penetrating the lungs of the animal and causing instant death.

The bear was first seen by Jasper Weaver, near Colyer, an hour before, having evidently come out of the Seven Mountains. Since Mr. Weaver had no hunting license he had no legal right to kill the bear, so he hurried to the Emmett Jordan home at Tusseyville where Revs. Bierly and Yergey are making their headquarters during the evangelistic campaign in progress at that place, and spread the news. A car was soon procured and the reverend gentlemen, Mr. Jordan and Mr. Weaver, armed with Winchesters, left for the spot where Mr. Bear was last seen. The bear, however, was evidently on a hiking expedition and was clean out of sight. They were able to track him in the soft earth but not speedily enough to get in a shot ahead of young Slutterbeck.

It was the first bear to be seen in the valley for a long time.

Tree Fakirs at Work.

Reports have been received by the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture of the presence in some parts of the State of tree fakirs who are offering to control tree diseases by "vaccinating" trees by injecting some chemicals under the bark or inserting chemical mixture in holes bored in the trees.

Economic Zoologist J. G. Sanders declares that all claims of this kind are absolutely false and pure fakes and he warns the people of the State against the misrepresentation of such agents. Professor Sanders would like to have every person who is approached by an agent who wishes to vaccinate trees to send the name and address of the company or person at once to the Department of Agriculture at Harrisburg so that effective steps to stop the fraud may be taken.

Professor Sanders also declares against the driving of nails into trees under any conditions as a cure or remedy for diseases or insects as the practice is always harmful to the trees. It has been represented in some parts of the State that trees need more iron and nails are driven into the trees by agents who claim to be "tree doctors." In the eastern section of the State recently an orchardist was approached by an agent who claimed that he had nails dipped in medicine which would work wonders for the trees if driven into them. Other fake agents offer to insert pills or capsules under the bark that will stop tree diseases and damage by insects. Professor Sanders of the Bureau of Zoology is ready to extend every aid to the farmers and orchardists of the State and wants to warn everyone of the many methods of fakirs to get their money and ruin their trees.

County Grange Meets.

The Centre County Pomona Grange will meet in quarterly session with the Spring Mills Grange, Saturday, November 25. There will be two sessions—forenoon and afternoon.

Just to give an idea of the amount of material used in the post offices in the United States mention is made that two million tons of twine are used. Tied together the twine would encircle the earth twenty-seven times. Much of this twine is used two, three and more times. The local post office has not purchased twine for several years past, depending entirely upon twine used on incoming letter packages for its supply.

Put the date of the public sale of "Bob" Glasgow where it will not be missed on the morning of the 23rd inst. Remember "Bob" is not asking that you pay him a cent more than anything he offers is worth, but he would like to have you come around so that nothing is sacrificed. You will recall he experienced several hard punches by fate, but he's not discouraged.

The news columns of the local papers haven't been called on this fall to tell how a woman's clothing caught fire and burned her to death, but the season is not over yet and the women are burning leaves and rubbish in the open, forgetting the great risk and experiences of others just twelve months ago.

Farmers' Week at State College.

The annual Farmers' Week at the Pennsylvania State College which this year will be in session from Wednesday, December 27, to Wednesday, January 3, promises to eclipse in attendance and in scope of instruction all past meetings of its kind.

Every phase of agriculture and home economics has been included in the program. Farmers interested in any type of agriculture may choose each day from several lectures and practical demonstrations covering the subjects in which they are interested. For the women who attend, special phases of homekeeping will be discussed, accompanied in a number of instances by demonstrations in cooking, dressmaking and nursing.

A special program has been arranged for boys and girls, a large number of whom it is expected will attend. The Sunday program will include a sermon by Gypsy Smith, Jr., famous evangelist. Special as well as educational features will be on the program. Several evening sessions will cover topics of a special nature involving illustrated lectures. One evening will be devoted to the play "Back to the Farm," and special chorus singing of old time songs will be led by the college musical director.

Speakers and demonstrators for Farmers' Week include members of the staffs of the School of Agriculture and the School of Engineering, as well as the president of the Pennsylvania State College.

Mrs. Odenkirk Fractures Arm in Fall.

Mrs. Mary J. Odenkirk suffered a compound complicated fracture of the left arm above the elbow, on Saturday near the noon hour, when she fell on the concrete walk leading from the road to the home of her daughter, Mrs. Abner Alexander, at Earlystown. Mrs. Odenkirk, with the Alexander family, had driven from Centre Hall and had just alighted from the carriage and started to walk to the house when the slippy pavement caused her to fall, striking her elbow on the walk with such force as to splinter the bones in the upper part of the arm. Dr. H. H. Longwell attended the unfortunate woman and was compelled to remove a piece of bone from the arm. Owing to her advanced age—seventy-eight years—it is feared that the break will be very slow in mending.

Addressing Parcel Post Packages.

In preparing a parcel post package for mailing a great many patrons of the service are under the impression that to address it more than once is a favor to the numerous clerks who will handle it. This is an error, and instead of expediting the handling of the package it causes confusion. The address should be written plainly and but once on the lower right side. It is also necessary to write the name and address of the sender on all parcel post packages. The proper place for this is on the upper left side of the package and should cover much less space than is given to the address and destination of the package.

Bride and Groom Given Dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Slagle, a newly married couple of Boalsburg, were given a delightful wedding dinner at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. J. P. Wagner, at Altoona, on Monday evening of last week. The dinner was served in a tasteful manner, the menu consisting of chicken and other delicacies and was enjoyed to the fullest extent. The bride is the youngest daughter of D. W. Meyers and holds an important place in the social circles of Boalsburg. The groom is also of that place and well known. He now holds a position with Mt. Aetna powder works at Mt. Union.

Among the guests present were Mrs. F. W. Woodcock, Salesburg, Md; Miss Helen Coxey, Tyrone; Mrs. J. A. Daugherty, Mrs. I. W. Hess, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Wagner, Mrs. Mary Meek and daughters, Miss Helen and Miss Rose, son Earl, and George M. Hess, all of Altoona. After spending a pleasant evening the bride and groom were escorted to the train in the usual manner where they embarked on their honeymoon to Columbus, Ohio, Niagara Falls and various places enroute. The happy couple will make their future home in Boalsburg.

One of the first of the great issues raised by Mr. Hughes in the late campaign was that the reluctant acceptance by the President of the peremptory resignation of Myron T. Herrick as Ambassador to France was an infamous outrage. Acting upon this suggestion, the Republicans of Ohio nominated Mr. Herrick for United States Senator for the purpose of vindicating him. In spite of the well advertised efficiency of the German vote in the State, Mr. Pomerene, a plain American of Democratic proclivities, has been re-elected by a thumping majority.

ODD FELLOWS AT STATE COLLEGE TO DEDICATE NEW HALL

Three-Day Celebration to Mark the Event.—State College Buildings to be Thrown Open to Visitors.

Odd Fellows in this section are interested in the forthcoming festivities surrounding the dedication of the new lodge hall of the State College Odd Fellows, which event is scheduled to begin Thursday of next week and continue for three days.

The celebration begins Thursday afternoon, November 23, with a public reception at the hall where visitors will be entertained and shown through the building. In the evening at seven o'clock, a session of the Rebekah lodge will be held to which all Rebekahs in this vicinity at that time are cordially invited. Following the session of the Rebekah lodge, and old fashioned dance will be held in the basement. Round and square dancing will be the order of the evening. Refreshments will be served and a general good time anticipated. Admission will be by card procured from the committee.

On Friday morning there will be the parade at 10:30. Lodges, Encampments and Cantons from all over the district will be present. Following the parade addresses will be made by Grand Master Perry Shaner the Grand Marshall and Past Grand Teagarden of Punxsutawney.

At two p. m. the dedication of the hall will take place, Grand Lodge officers officiating. The President of the college has kindly consented to have all the college buildings thrown open to visitors. This will give many a chance to see this great State Institution in full operation.

Letter from Boal Troop on the Border.

El Paso, Texas, November 5, 1916.

"On Friday morning Philip D. Foster, quartermaster of the troop, received a telegram from home stating the serious illness of his wife. On the same morning he was granted a 20-day leave of absence.

Today (Sunday) the entire 1st Penn'a Cavalry had their photographs taken. It was about 9:30 a. m. when the call came for us to bridle and saddle our horses. The machine gun troop was the first off the picket line. When the order for platoon formation was given we performed that part in record-breaking time. After the various troops were assembled in a semi-circle the photograph was taken. The camera used revolved on a pivot.

"On Monday we leave for a three-days' hike to the rifle range, and this will be our first long trip. The boys are all eager to start. Hiking over the mountains here is quite different from that in Centre county. There are no roads like over old Nittany. After reaching the rifle range we will be drilled in the use of our .38-calibre Colts revolvers. I hope to be able to write of some of our experiences on this trip for next week's paper.

"WILLIAM BAILEY."

Two Philipsburg Men Killed at Crossing.

George Bradley Mathews and Frank S. Brumbaugh, prominent residents of Philipsburg, and traveling salesmen for Lauderbach-Barber company, wholesale merchants of Philipsburg, were instantly killed in a grade crossing accident at Blue Ball, three miles from Philipsburg, at 9 o'clock last Thursday morning.

The men left their homes in a Dodge automobile, driven by Mathews, and were enroute to Clearfield and Curwensville. The car was being driven at a fair rate of speed and as it approached the crossing the men were unable to see the approach of a Tyrone division train enroute towards Tyrone. Mrs. William Powell, residing near the crossing, endeavored to stop the men but was too late. When the men were almost on the crossing the engine shot by and Mathews turned the car short to the left and up an embankment, where the machine overturned.

Brumbaugh was thrown under the wheels of the train and mangled to death. Mathews was struck on the head, thrown away from the wheels and when picked up was still living. He suffered a fracture of the skull and died in a few minutes. The auto was not badly damaged and was taken to Philipsburg on its own power.

Matthews was aged forty-three years and Brumbaugh fifty-two years. Both leave a wife and three children.

The following persons visited the Prof. W. A. Krise home on Saturday and Sunday: Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Simpkins, David McAlees and son Donald, Mrs. Williams, of Altoona; W. S. Krise and daughter Miss Ruth, G. R. Betts and two daughters, of Johnstown; Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Reish and two children, Mrs. J. W. Brown and four children, of Milroy.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Bartholomew, of Altoona, were guests of relatives in this place over Sunday.

The Moody-Rearick Nuptials.

Rev. Samuel Moody, pastor of the Martinsburg and Duncansville Presbyterian churches, and Miss Savilla Rearick, who claims Centre Hall as her home, were united in marriage on Wednesday, November 8th, at noon. A brief mention of this wedding appeared in these columns last week. The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride's brother, W. O. Rearick, at Milroy, by the Rev. H. G. Moody, of Danville, brother of the groom. The attendants were Master John Rearick, of Lock Haven, and Miss Florence Rearick, of Spring Mills. About forty guests, immediate friends and relatives, from Cleveland, Ohio; Martinsburg, Watsontown, and Centre Hall were present.

The bride was dressed in white marquesette over white taffata. She wore a veil caught up with orange blossoms and carried a shower bouquet of roses and chrysanthemums. The groom wore conventional black. The color scheme was white and pink.

After a honeymoon trip to Washington, D. C., New York and other eastern cities, the newly-wedded couple will be at home in Martinsburg.

The bride was one of the most popular young ladies in Centre Hall, and only a few weeks ago left this place with her mother, the coming event being the occasion for closing their home here. That she is especially fitted for the important duties incumbent upon the wife of a minister, is well known in her home town where she was found to be constantly interested in all forms of church work and in the training of the younger set.

The best wishes of the Reporter and the community go with them.

"The House of the Black Ring."

The demand for that absorbing tale of the life of the early Pennsylvania Dutch in Central Pennsylvania, as told in "The House of the Black Ring" by F. L. Pattee, of The Pennsylvania State College, has been so great that the author has been compelled to issue a second edition. A copy of the book reached our desk last week, for which the author has our thanks. Everyone interested in these picturesque characters who formed the early life of Central Pennsylvania, and especially in the Seven Mountains region, will delight in reading the book. Such names as Tressler, Hartswick, and others familiar in this part of the valley, are interwoven in a wholesome interesting story. Read the first paragraph and you are impelled to go on: "When the great architect had finished building the earth, he dumped the chips and debris into the centre of Pennsylvania, and called the heap the Seven Mountains."

The book is on sale at the Centre Hall drug store at 75 cents a copy.

Former Pastor to Speak Here.

To-morrow (Friday) evening, in the Methodist church, Rev. G. W. McIlnay, of Nescopeck, former pastor of the Penns Valley Methodist charge, will deliver the lecture "The Game of Life." Rev. McIlnay is a strong speaker and his many friends will be pleased to have the opportunity of again hearing him. A silver offering will be lifted.

8,000,000 Trees for Reforestration.

Almost eight million trees will be available for next spring's reforesting operations from the stock now in the State Forest nurseries. This is an increase in production over last year of about thirty per cent. and is the largest number of seedlings ever grown in the nurseries.

Nearly all of the trees will be taken from the four large nurseries at Mont Alto, Franklin county, Asaph, Tioga county, Greenwood, Huntingdon county, and Clearfield. The Mont Alto nursery will have available 2,850,000 trees; Asaph, 1,575,000; Clearfield, 2,400,000; and Greenwood, 971,000. In addition, twenty smaller nurseries are in operation on the State Forests, which will produce from 5,000 to 100,000 trees each.

Over half of the eight million seedlings are white pines. The following species make up the remainder: Norway spruce, 1,013,000; Scotch pine, 1,283,000; pitch pine, 762,000; European larch, 436,000; Japanese larch, 34,000; sugar maple, 12,000; and Douglas fir, 4,000. Fifteen bushels of black cherry seeds were planted last spring in the hope of raising trees which would produce both timber and bird food, but because of unfavorable weather conditions the crop was an almost complete failure.

Last year private individuals planted 1,500,000 trees furnished by the Department. This year enough trees to meet all demands will be available for free public distribution. The only restrictions are that they must be used for reforesting, and not for shade or ornamental planting. Trees will not be shipped in less than five hundred lots.

Brings results—a Reporter adv.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

H. L. Kline, the local pharmacist, spent the past week with friends in Pottsville.

E. M. Huyett left on Tuesday for West Virginia where he is interested in extensive lumber operations.

The interior of the United Evangelical church at Aaronsburg was recently decorated by A. S. Work.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude K. Stahl were over-Sunday guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Stahl.

The beautiful fall weather during the past few weeks has aided the farmer in getting a lot of land turned.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Vonada, of Spring Mills, were in Centre Hall on Monday and paid a short visit to this office.

Saturday is the last day for filing applications for liquor license for the year 1917. Among the new applications are those at Howard, Milesburg, Hanna Furnace, and Millheim.

The boro schools teaching corps—Prof. W. O. Heckman, Elmer Miller, D. Ross Bushman, and Miss Helen Bartholomew—are attending the annual Teachers' Institute, at Bellefonte, this week.

A quintette of Alpine singers and yodlers who are now touring the United States, are scheduled to appear at Spring Mills next Monday evening as a number on the lecture course at that place.

W. H. Kuhn, of Philipsburg, arrived in Centre Hall on Saturday for his annual visit to his daughter, Mrs. S. W. Smith. A few days this week are being spent with his brothers at Boalsburg.

A big baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Slaw, at their home in Philadelphia, on the 20th ult. Mrs. Slaw will be known as Miss Ethel Shetter, who for many years made an annual visit at the W. H. Meyer home in this place.

Messrs. W. H. Zimmerman and E. V. Mallick, of Sunbury, were guests of Merchant and Mrs. C. M. Smith, from Saturday until Monday. The former is a railroad man and the latter a merchant, and both assisted Mr. Smith in handling the big crowd of buyers that were present on the opening night at the new store.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Krape, daughter Florence, H. C. Reish, and Mrs. Kate Saunders motored to Perry county, via Milroy and Lewistown, on Saturday, taking dinner with Mrs. Krape's cousin, Mrs. John Ritzman, at Millerstown. At this place Miss Florence Krape is spending a week with her cousin. The remainder of the party motored home by way of Milroy, stopping there for a brief time with the W. O. Rearick family.

A party of twelve hunters, including the Bradfords, Maynard Meeker and John H. Knarr, camped in Treaster valley, twelve miles below Milroy, from Wednesday until Saturday of last week, in search of bear. They succeeded in sighting four of the bruin family, wounding one, and failing to get a shot at the others. Being so far removed from all habitation the party failed to learn of the turn of the election tide which put Wilson to the front, until Saturday, and consequently were a happy bunch even though they failed to lay bruin low.

The State College Times, in its issue last week, made an important announcement regarding the purchase of the stock of the Nittany Printing and Publishing Company, publishers of the Times, by Messrs. Newton E. Hess, James P. Aikens, Claude G. Aikens, Wilson P. Ard, and Wilbur F. Cleaver, the new stockholders taking possession of the office November 6th. The announcement further states that greater efforts will be put forth in giving State College a snappy clean cut, newsy paper, and a starter to that end was the purchase of a modern typesetting machine. Success to the new owners.

Last week's Clinton Dispatch contained the following: A party of prominent Lock Havenites journeyed to Spring Mills on Monday evening in George E. McNerney's touring car, where they partook of a delicious wild turkey supper prepared under the direction of Adam Rokenbrode, formerly of this city, who is proprietor of the Spring Mills hotel and who treated his guests royally. Those in the party were Mr. McNerney, E. A. Monaghan, W. Hal Klapp, A. C. Tevling, John F. Marshall and Horace E. Emery, who safely piloted the excursionists to Spring Mills and return. Other guests present were Ex-Sheriff Lee, of Spring Mills, and Calvin Smith of Bellefonte. The feast was served at 8 o'clock, and after appeasing their appetites and enjoying themselves socially for an hour or more, the Lock Havenites started on the return journey.

ATTORNEYS.

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Save Pennies—Waste Dollars

¶ Some users of printing save pennies by getting inferior work and lose dollars through lack of advertising value in the work they get. Printers as a rule charge very reasonable prices, for none of them get rich although nearly all of them work hard.

Moral: Give your printing to a good printer and save money.

Our Printing Is Unexcelled

Got Something You Want to Sell?

Most people have a piece of furniture, a farm implement, or something else which they have discarded and which they no longer want.

These things are put in the attic, or stored away in the barn, or left lying about, getting of less and less value each year.

WHY NOT SELL THEM?

Somebody wants those very things which have become of no use to you. Why not try to find that somebody by putting a want advertisement in

THIS NEWSPAPER?

CLOTHES NEVER MORE GORGEOUS

Good Reason Why Season Will Go Down Into History as Age of Gold.

EXPENSE GIVEN NO THOUGHT

Gowns Designed for American Women Command Prices Which a Few Years Ago Would Have Been Considered Fabulous — Brief Descriptions.

New York.—It is not an exaggeration to say that clothes are made of bullion. That is why this season will go down into dress history as the age of gold.

Possibly, when the de Medicis reigned in Italy, and when the most gorgeous trousseau in the world was prepared for the young Catherine, Princess of Florence, who was to marry a French king, the son of Francois Premier, there might have been such gowns included as France offers America today.

The only single item of expense that the dressmakers forgot to place on the gowns of today was precious jewels. There is a feeling on the part of many women who pay for these new clothes, that there must be a diamond hidden somewhere in the folds.

Everything that could be devised to create expense was thought of and used. Every animal in the land gave up its hide; every glittering stone that could be produced from crystals, natural and artificial, was gathered together and facetted by skilled workmen and raised 40 per cent of their original price. All the bullion in the land that was not real gold was spun into threads miles and miles long and laid in great heaps at the sides of needleworkers, who were paid their own price for the workmanship that has not been equaled since the sixteenth century.

Stained glass windows, historic altar clothes and jeweled robes placed about the madonnas in gothic churches, gave up their designs, in order that the American woman's gown might be more sumptuous in appearance.

Where ordinary furs could not be used, expensive processes were invented to shave these hairs into a resemblance of the peltry of precious animals, and the cost was added to the gown's price.

Sprinkled With Semi-Precious Gems.

The designers of clothes looked to the jewelers to help them get quantities of brilliant quartz, artificially colored onyx and peculiarly cut bits of glass that could be sprinkled over the surface of tulle, satin and net.

A fine, new thread of gold was spun which would hold these semi-precious gems in place. This was made of bullion threads in three colors—red, blue and Roman gold—which were skillfully wound together into tiny ropes that would loop themselves into masses of color on a brilliant surface.

Peculiar crystals were found by the men who know mineralogy, that could be cut to exactly resemble the great

A conspicuous frock brought to America, of bright green taffeta, with a bodice of jewels.

jewels of the fifteenth century, the sapphires and emeralds that hung over cloth-of-gold gowns and were imbedded in the stomachers of Elizabeth, Catherine de Medici and Mary, Queen of Scots.

The old method of using flat gold threads was brought back into the process of gown-building. Its old name Lame was kept. The name was taken from the method by which this gold thread was pounded and beaten until it became a supple blade of grass and could be run in and out of the net in any design attempted.

Marvelous Needlework.

Needleworkers were called up from the furthermost recesses of French art work, and Belgian refugees who had crowded the institutions of Paris were given work to do in which they were skilled and superior.

Whole surfaces of gowns were so closely embroidered with bullion threads that they resembled a fifteenth-century coat of mail. When the French designers began to fashion all these magnificent materials into gowns for American women, they painted the lily and gilded refined gold; in other words, they heaped precious peltry on some precious gems, held them together with bullion, worked rare lace into the spaces and provided a foundation of metal tissue that was revived from the twelfth century.

The High Price of Dressing.

And now do you see why this period will go down into history as the Age of Gold? Everything will glitter that women will wear this winter, and it will be gold, silver, steel, crystals and gorgeous fabrics. It is not possible, however, to buy such clothes at the usual price. Paris did not intend this to be done, and yet, to do her full justice, she does not believe that out of the glory of her clothes she will receive more profit, if as much, than she has received in recent years.

Why? Because all work, fabrics and dyeing have become expensive beyond counting in Paris. The cost of satin went up to $10 a yard, brocade

This gown was made by Doeuillet, with jet beads and rhinestones. Its wide girdle is embroidered in gold.

went up to $30 a yard and more, and panne velvet went up to $20 and more.

Look at some of the gowns in detail. Callot made a dinner gown of green silk in an exceedingly rare color and weave, and the entire bodice across the back and extending over the hips was like a brilliant beetle worked out with infinite skill through the medium of unusual metal threads, semi-precious gems and touches of especially dyed floss.

Gorgeous Gown for Actress.

Bulloz made a gown for Miss Elsie Ferguson, which is a museum piece. Its cost was reckoned anywhere over $650. Miss Ferguson wore this on the opening night of her new play.

It is a straight, medieval gown of net, which is so entirely covered with gold bullion threads that not a particle of the net is visible. The lower petticoat is of a specially woven piece of solid gold lace, and the swinging, medieval drapery from the shoulders at the back that extends over the arms to the wrists and is caught at the hips and trails to the ground, is of black lace heavily embroidered in gold threads in an ecclesiastical design of the fourteenth century. It is commonly supposed to be the longest piece of uncut lace drapery ever used in the making of clothes.

Take another gown made by Bulloz for Mary Garden. This is called Griselidis and she will wear it when she sings the title role of the opera of that name. It is a medieval frock of pearl gray satin which has a long tunic dropped over a chemise of gray chiffon. The bodice is entirely embroidered in jewels and held by gold and silver threads.

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FASHION TAKES UP PONCHO

As a Departure From the Usual Frills and Ribbons They Have Been Declared Interesting.

The first adaptation of an Indian poncho stands as an impressive finger post pointing to a new era in American dress. It is a modernized copy of the painted-skin garment worn by Indian women, adapted to suit the taste of the twentieth century.

The original poncho is a specimen in the American Museum of Natural History in New York, a painted, ragged edged skin with a hole for the neck, in block design of rich red, black and yellow. The modern adaptation is developed in heavy crepe de chine of leather color, with mottled Batik work in red. The neck is cut with a simple V, following out the model. The middle of the garment is decorated with a broad band of red with an Indian pattern. Around the V of the neck and draping the waist is a bronze cord finished with little tassels.

Of course, the cord is not Indian fashion, but is the concession to grace and charm of line that the present day American woman demands. The bottom of the skirt is very uneven, after the idea of the animal skin.

Unusual Effect.

A tip from the dressmaker at home is to line the pointed overskirts and the shorter tunic skirts, and even the skirts themselves, with a bright contrasting color of satin. Revers are also lined, flaring cuffs likewise. The effect of a dark blue or a black satin dress, lined with crimson, bright blue, pearl gray or white, is so attractive that one stops to admire the ensemble.

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Shipped Anywhere in the United States on 30 Days' Free Trial

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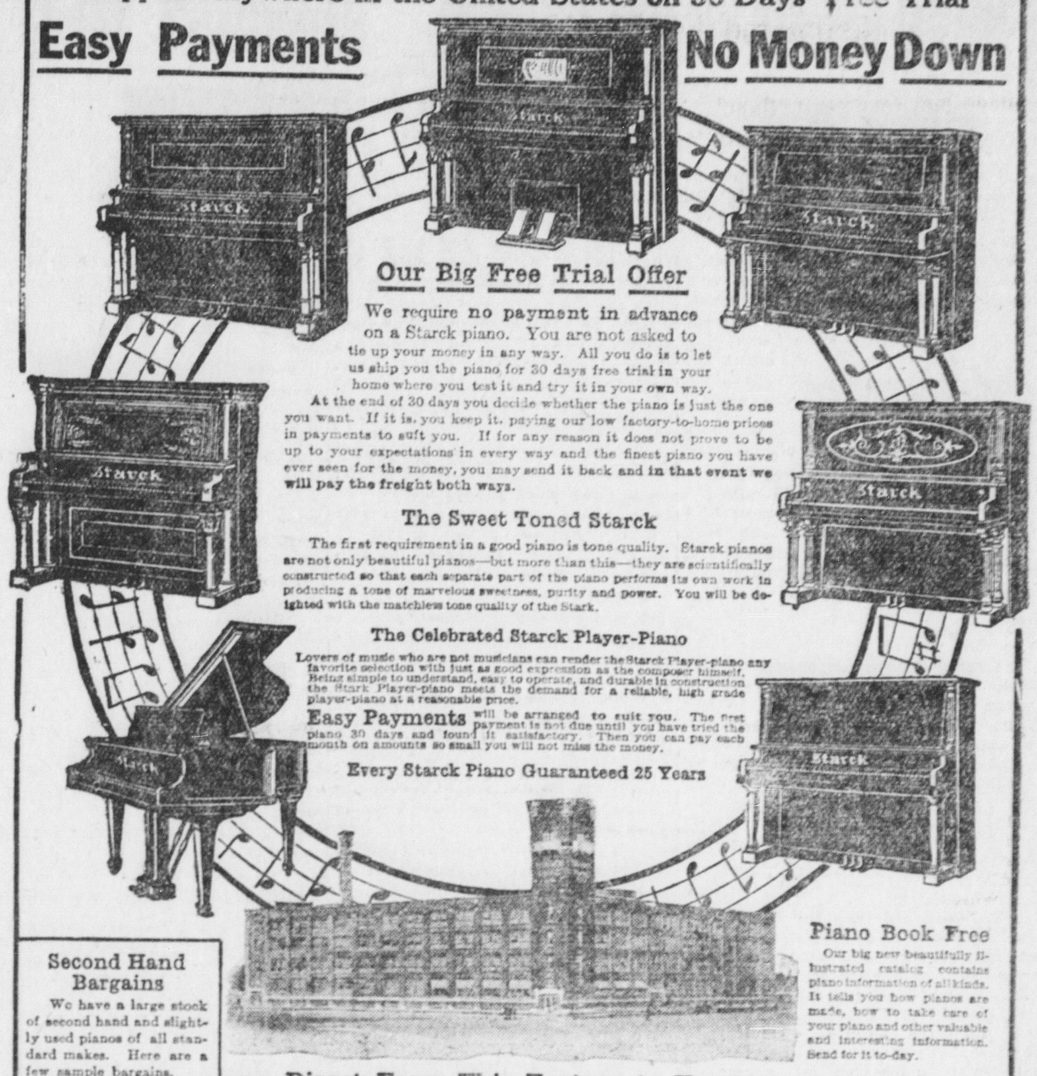

Our Big Free Trial Offer

We require no payment in advance on a Starck piano. You are not asked to tie up your money in any way. All you do is to let us ship you the piano for 30 days free trial in your home where you test it and try it in your own way. At the end of 30 days you decide whether the piano is just the one you want. If it is, you keep it, paying our low factory-to-home prices in payments to suit you. If for any reason it does not prove to be up to your expectations in every way and the finest piano you have ever seen for the money, you may send it back and in that event we will pay the freight both ways.

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The first requirement in a good piano is tone quality. Starck pianos are not only beautiful pianos—but more than this—they are scientifically constructed so that each separate part of the piano performs its own work in producing a tone of marvelous sweetness, purity and power. You will be delighted with the matchless tone quality of the Starck.

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Lovers of music who are not musicians can render the Starck Player-piano any favorite selection with just as good expression as the composer himself. Being simple to understand, easy to operate, and durable in construction the Starck Player-piano meets the demand for a reliable, high grade player-piano at a reasonable price.

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We have a large stock of second hand and slightly used pianos of all standard makes. Here are a few sample bargains.

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Send to-day for our latest list of second hand bargains and our complete new illustrated catalog of Starck pianos.

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Every buyer of a Starck piano is entitled to receive 50 free music lessons through one of the best known schools in Chicago. These lessons are to be taken in your own home at your convenience.

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Our big new beautifully illustrated catalog contains piano information of all kinds. It tells you how pianos are made, how to take care of your piano and other valuable and interesting information. Send for it to-day.

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STATE NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Latest Gleanings From All Over the State.

TOLD IN SHORT PARAGRAPHS

Harrisburg's new hotel is to be called the Penn-Harris.

C. M. Schwab is having a new private car built that will cost $60,000.

By a vote of three to two, Chester voted to borrow $500,000 for new school buildings and equipment.

The State Treasurer received a check for $108,000 from James B. Sheehan, Register of Wills of Philadelphia.

The weather through the Lehigh coal fields has been so abnormally warm for this time of the year that May flowers are again in blossom.

Golden Thompson, employed at the Baker quarries, Billmyer, was badly injured when he was caught between cars.

The bond issue to increase Mahanoy City indebtedness to $70,000 to equip the fire department, carried by a 2 to 1 vote.

By a vote of 4 against to 1 for, the voters of Topton opposed a loan bill calling for $23,000 for erecting a new town hall, water and electric light plants.

Reuben E. Miller, 78 years, a retired drover, is dead at his home at Packerton, after a lingering illness. He was one of the wealthiest men in Carbon county.

While Mrs. Rudolph Granzow was cleaning the stairway of her husband's shoe store, at Ashland, she tripped and was precipitated to the bottom of the stairs. She was killed outright.

With the lighting of the fires at North Cornwall furnace, the last of the nine blast furnaces in Lebanon county, was put in operation. North Cornwall stack was virtually abandoned fifteen years ago, when the Lackawanna Iron and Steel Company took over the three furnace plants of the Freeman estate at Cornwall.

Ninety-six farmers of Manor Township took a day off, and gathered at the home of John Gehr, husked his corn and attended to other duties on his farm. Mr. Gehr has been ill for some time.

The State Industrial Board Approvals Committee at a meeting received numerous applications for approval of safety appliances, a number being for moving picture machines.

A fatal gunning accident occurred near Townville, when Frank Wood received a charge of birdshot in his left side from a gun fired by his brother on attempting to shoot partridge.

Statistics prepared by the Anthracite Bureau of Information show a decrease in anthracite shipments for October, this year, as compared with the same month last year.

The number of subscriptions secured in the Cumberland Valley practically have assured the construction of the new Dickinson Law School Building. Ground will be broken this fall and the building completed in time for a dedication next August.

Mrs. Rachel Smith, the widow of the late Peter Smith, of Lansford, who died on October 1 as the result of being struck by an automobile occupied by George, James, Charles and John Breslin, of Coaldale, had warrants sworn out for their arrests. She charges them with deliberately running down her husband with their auto.

Out of sixty-three members of John M. Good Post, No. 502, Grand Army of the Republic, organized at Elizabethville, only three remain. The Post was chartered November 12, 1885, and the survivors are Dr. Nissley, H. C. Reem and G. M. Hornafius. The Post was named after John Good, who was killed in the battle of Petersburg.

Amos Frederick, while in the woods near Dalmatia hunting game, was about to climb over the trunk of a tree when a squirrel appeared in front of him. Before he could bring his gun to action another hunter close by opened fire on the squirrel, most of the shot striking Frederick. He was removed in a critical condition to the State Hospital.

The turkey crop in Berks county is normal. Farmers have been selling a few during the last week at prices ranging from 30 to 35 cents live weight and 40 to 42 cents a pound dressed. The turkey crop fared well in their growth during the dry fall months, but the wet weather during spring was rather hard on the young birds and quite a few died. Those that survived are nice and fat.

Mrs. Frank Pardee, of Hazleton, wife of the retired millionaire coal operator, has inaugurated a series of bridge parties to raise funds for Red Cross war relief in Europe.

A large addition is being built to the Mauch Chunk Silk Mill, one of the business industries in Carbon county and which has been running night and day for many years.

Farmers near Coalport say that many elk are visiting their farms daily, and feeding on their crops. The elk are supposed to be those placed in the State Game Preserve at Hickory Run, which frequently scale the enclosure and roam about.

The Hon. William D. B. Ainey, of the State Public Service Commission, will be the principal speaker at the tenth annual meeting of the Cumberland Valley Federation of Women's Clubs, which will meet in Mechanicsburg, November 16.

Margaret Scofield, seven years old, died in a hospital of injuries sustained when she was run down by a freight trolley car at Hickorytown. The child was returning from Hickorytown school to her home on the Center Square road when she was struck and dragged by the car.

Jacob Kessler & Sons' Knitting Mill at Hamburg, was destroyed by fire. Nothing was saved with the exception of the books and papers. The loss is nearly $20,000. The fire is believed to have been due to defective wiring.

Birch Oil Industry.

Revival of the old Pennsylvania forest industry of boiling birch oil, is indicated by contracts let by the State Department of Forestry for such work in Potter and Tioga counties where the Commonwealth has extensive forest reserves. The birch boiling industry was put out of business years ago by European competition, but owing to the war the demand has grown up again. The oil brings from $3 to $3.50 a pound.

Banner Grain Counties.

The State Department of Agriculture announced that Berks and Philadelphia counties were the banner counties for wheat crops this year, having produced an average of twenty-four bushels to the acre. Lebanon, Northampton and Lancaster counties are next in line.

Dollar For Conscience Fund.

One badly rumpled dollar bill was received by State Treasurer Robert K. Young for the "Conscience Fund," the money came in a letter postmarked Harrisburg, and addressed to the Treasurer.

WILSON IS RE-ELECTED PRESIDENT

Carries the Country By A Popular Plurality Estimated At 403,312.

Neither the Republican Candidate Nor Chairman Wilcox Will Concede Re-election of President Wilson Until the Final Recount in California and Other Close States Is Completed.

New York.—Woodrow Wilson, President, and Thomas R. Marshall, Vice-President, have been chosen for four years more on the face of the latest returns. There was only the barest of possibilities that recounts and possible court contests predicted by unyielding Republicans would change the situation.

George W. Perkins conferred with the Republican candidate. He stated that no definite decision had been reached by party managers in regard to demanding a recount in California, New Hampshire and North Dakota. He intimated action would probably be deferred until the official count in these States was completed, in the hope that there might be an overturn of the comparatively slender Wilson pluralities.

Chairman Willcox announced that he would not be on hand again except for conferences.

The Democratic National Committee apparently regards the campaign as closed, for the work of dismantling headquarters is well under way. Chairman Vance C. McCormick will go to his home at Harrisburg.

Chairman Willcox, following a conference of the campaign managers, refused to concede the election of President Wilson.

In a formal statement he declared that the result still depends on the vote of close States, and that the returns from these were so far unofficial and might be changed by the official count. Mr. Willcox stated, however, that the national committee would abide by the decision of the official count, unless special circumstances arose which made other action necessary.

Returns continued to filter in from States which had been close, but they made no change in the figures which gave President Wilson 269 electoral votes and Mr. Hughes 243.

Minnesota, New Mexico and New Hampshire remained in doubt. Minnesota's latest returns showed Hughes leading, but unofficial figures for New Hampshire put Wilson ahead, while he also led in New Mexico.

Fifty nours after the polls closed in California Republican Chairman Rowell conceded the State to the President. Thus the 13 votes needed to assure the President a majority in the Electoral College dropped into the Democratic column and apparently ended the suspense and anxiety of an election which has been unparalleled in American political history.

Republican Chairman Willcox, when informed that the President had carried California, only replied: "I have nothing to say."

Secretary Tumulty, at the summer White House at Shadow Lawn, sent the news by wireless to President Wilson on board the yacht Mayflower en route to Rhinecliff, N. Y.

The Deciding State.

Barring some wholly unexpected turnover in the incomplete States leaning toward Wilson, or a change on a recount, California's acquisition to the Democratic column gave the President 272 electoral votes.

In New Mexico the President was leading by 2,634 votes, with 158 districts missing, and it was not believed this advantage could be overcome by Mr. Hughes.

Conceding West Virginia, New Hampshire and Minnesota to Mr. Hughes—and he was in the lead in all three—he has 259 votes, seven less than the required majority. With 272 votes in sight, President Wilson had six to spare for a possible split of electors in California or a sudden reversal in New Mexico.

Recounts To Be Demanded.

Chairman Willcox included California, New Mexico, North Dakota, New Hampshire and Minnesota in his list of States where recounts undoubtedly would be demanded.

Democratic headquarters was not behind the Republicans in preparing for legal developments. Chairman McCormick conferred with Alton B. Parker, former Democratic candidate for president; Morgan J. O'Brien, Delancey Nicoll and John B. Stanchfield, all prominent New York lawyers. It was evident that if the election was to be taken into the courts the legal giants of both parties were being marshalled for such a battle royal as the United States never has seen.

Democratic Statement.

The Democratic National Committee gave out the following statement when the result in California became known:

"The President has carired the country by a popular plurality of from 200,000 to 300,000. With an electoral vote of 272 absolutely sure, and with Minnesota, West Virginia and New Hampshire still to be decided, to say there will be any contest is an insult to the intelligence of the American people.

"There is nothing to add to our statements previously made. We have claimed the re-election of President Wilson since early Tuesday evening; we knew we had it. We have been fighting specially for the Western States."

News Wirelessed To President Wilson.

Asbury Park, N. J. — Secretary Tumulty wired formal notification to the President of his re-election. The message was wirelessed to the President aboard the Mayflower. It was as follows:

"I am here surrounded by the loyal Democrats of old Monmouth, and beg leave to send you our greetings and congratulations. The cause you have so nobly represented has at last triumphed, and we greet you. Our hearts, our thoughts and our affections go to you."

Hughes Declines To Comment.

New York.—Word that California had been carried by Wilson on the face of nearly complete unofficial returns was carried to Mr. Hughes shortly before he retired. He declined to comment on the situation. After communicating with national headquarters, members of Mr. Hughes' staff said that the question of a recount would be considered later.

California.—Except in the event of some exceptional happening, President Wilson has carried California. Chairman Rowell at first conceded the State after reviewing returns showing a plurality of 2,970 for Wilson, with only 48 scattered precincts of the State incompleted.

These returns showed 42 of 68 counties in the State completed. In all but 10 counties in the state returns had been back checked and corrected. The possibility of error was thus reduced to a minimum.

New Hampshire.—With 25 precincts unreported officially out of a total of 294 in New Hampshire, certified returns tabulated by the Secretary of State give for Presidential electors: Hughes, 40,338; Wilson, 40,207. Hughes' lead, 131.

The missing precincts, according to press returns, give a majority for Wilson and would make the vote stand: Hughes, 43,732; Wilson, 43,849; Wilson's plurality, 117.

Meantime neither the Republicans nor Democrats will admit defeat.

North Dakota's five votes in the Electoral College were conceded to President Wilson by William Lemke, chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, when returns from all but 33 of the 1,859 precincts in the State gave the President a plurality of 1,560 over Hughes.

New Mexico.—Returns from 480 of 638 precincts in New Mexico give Hughes 29,251, Wilson 31,885. These are revised figures received from county clerks.

The remaining missing precincts are scattered throughout the more remote sections of the State. Additional returns, slowly filtering in, gave no indication of any change in the general trend.

West Virginia.—Returns from 1,614 precincts out of 1,713 in West Virginia give Hughes 135,266, Wilson 132,176.

Returns from 1,610 precincts out of 1,713 in West Virginia for Governor give Robinson, Rep., 133,194, Cornwell, Dem., 134,740.

Returns from 1,591 precincts out of 1,713 for United States Senator give Sutherland, Rep., 133,892; Chilton, Dem., 128,873.

Maryland.—President Wilson has carried Maryland by 20,521 majority over Governor Hughes, of which 5,000 was given by Baltimore City.

Dr. Joseph I. France, Republican, is elected to the United States Senate over David J. Lewis, Democrat, by 3,431.

The Republicans have elected Mr. Mudd to Congress in the Fifth and Mr. Zihlman in the Sixth.

The Democrats have re-elected Mr. Talbott (Second district), Mr. Coady (Third district) and Mr. Linthicum (Fourth district).

The amendment to the Constitution establishing the budget system in the State government was carried by a substantial majority.

The four loans were approved by Baltimore City voters.

Baltimore stays wet by a majority of 41,972.

Virginia. — Virginia elected nine Democratic Congressmen and one Republican, C. B. Slemp, the Republican incumbent of the Ninth district. All of the nine Democrats except one, Thomas W. Harrison, of the Seventh district, were re-elected.

Claude A. Swanson, for the United States Senate, was unopposed, as was Andrew J. Montague, Democrat, for Congress in the Third district.

Wilson and Marshall polled the usual Democratic majority out of approximately 140,000 votes cast.

First District—William A. Jones, Democrat, re-elected over W. T. Butzner, Republican.

Second—Edward E. Holland defeated L. B. Way, Republican.

Third—Andrew J. Montague, Democrat (unopposed by Republican).

Fourth—Walter A. Watson, Democrat, re-elected over W. B. Alfred, Republican.

Fifth—E. W. Saunders, Democrat, re-elected over Beverly Davis, Republican.

Sixth—Carter Glass, Democrat, re-elected over George W. Wilson, Republican.

Seventh — Thomas W. Harrison, Democrat, defeated John Paul, Republican.

Eighth—Charles C. Carlin, Democrat, re-elected over John L. Crupper, Republican.

Ninth—C. Bascom Slemp, Republican, re-elected over E. Lee Trinkle, Democrat.

Tenth—Hal D. Flood, Democrat, overwhelmed Charles P. Nair, Republican.

The constitutional amendments were not voted upon, because the Legislature failed to provide the necessary machinery for putting the question before the people.

Delaware.—Complete unofficial returns from all districts in Delaware show that Charles E. Hughes carried the State by a plurality of 1,798. The vote was as follows:

Hughes, 27,909; Wilson, 26,111.

The complete vote for United States Senator was:

Josiah O. Wolcott, Dem., 25,326; Henry A. du Pont, Rep., 22,974.

For Congress, Thomas W. Miller, Rep., 24,021; A. F. Polk, Dem., 23,890.

For Governor, John G. Townsend, Rep., 26,174; James H. Hughes, Dem., 23,171.

The Democrats selected their candidate for attorney general.

New Jersey—With 12 counties complete and 25 small districts missing in the eight remaining counties, Charles E. Hughes' presidential plurality was 54,774 over President Wilson. The vote for Hughes was 262,386 and for Wilson was 207,612.

Walter E. Edge, Republican candidate for governor, ran ahead of the presidential plurality in his successful contest against H. Otto Wittpenn, Democrat. With 25 districts missing Edge polled 241,795 votes, against 174,730 for Wittpenn, or a plurality of 67,065.

New York.—The Republicans made a clean sweep of New York State, with Governor Whitman running ahead of Hughes, and William Calder, United States senatorial candidate, far ahead of his running mates.

The following are the pluralities:

Hughes over Wilson, 155,000; Whitman over Seabury, 200,000; Calder over McCombs, 220,000.

Pennsylvania.—Charles E. Hughes has carried the State by about 200,000 plurality.

Philander C. Knox was elected to the Senate by the Republicans by a large plurality, and the entire Republican State ticket also was successful by a plurality a little less than that for Hughes.

South Dakota.—Hughes has carried South Dakota by a plurality of 15,000.

The prohibition amendment was adopted by 20,000 and the suffrage amendment by 10,000. Peter Norbeck, Republican, wins for Governor by probably 35,000.

Vermont.—Governor Hughes carried this State by 20,000 and H. F. Graham as governor by 22,000.

tricts, Wilson carrying the State by 50,000. Josephus Daniels' ward, as usual, went 2 to 1 Democratic.

Rhode Island.—Governor Charles E. Hughes carried Rhode Island by a plurality of some 25,000. Governor Beekman and the entire Republican State ticket have been re-elected.

Kentucky.—President Wilson's probable majority is about 10,000. Kentucky's entire delegation in Congress has been re-elected.

Georgia.—130,000 votes were cast in this State, of which over 100,000 were Democratic. Hugh Dorsey, Democratic nominee for Governor, the entire Congressional delegation and all county officers as usual went to the Democrats.

Alabama.—Wilson's majority in this State is 60,000. In 1912 it was 50,000.

Arkansas.—Wilson's majority is 80,000. W. F. Kirby, United States Senator is re-elected.

Montana.—President Wilson carried this State by 20,000. Senator Myers is re-elected and the entire Democratic ticket is successful.

Indiana.—This State has been carried by Hughes by more than 30,000 plurality, and two Republican United States Senators have been elected.

Wisconsin.—The State has been carried by Hughes by more than 20,000. Robert M. LaFollette is elected United States Senator.

Illinois.—Illinois is back in the Republican column. Hughes has carried the State by at least 150,000. Frank O. Lowden, for governor, has defeated Gov. Edward F. Dunne, the Democratic incumbent, by about the same figures.

ELECTORAL VOTE BY STATES

(Figured on latest returns: Result in States whose electoral votes is not given in doubt. Necessary to elect, 266.)

States.	Wilson Dem.	Hughes Rep.
Alabama	12	...
Arizona	3	...
Arkansas	9	...
California	13	...
Colorado	6	...
Connecticut	...	7
Delaware	...	3
Florida	6	...
Georgia	14	...
Idaho	4	...
Illinois	...	29
Indiana	...	15
Iowa	...	13
Kansas	10	...
Kentucky	13	...
Louisiana	10	...
Maine	...	6
Maryland	8	...
Massachusetts	...	18
Michigan	...	15
Minnesota	...	...
Mississippi	10	...
Missouri	18	...
Montana	4	...
Nebraska	8	...
Nevada	3	...
New Hampshire	...	...
New Jersey	...	14
New Mexico	3	...
New York	...	45
North Carolina	12	...
North Dakota	5	...
Ohio	24	...
Oklahoma	10	...
Oregon	...	5
Pennsylvania	...	38
Rhode Island	...	5
South Carolina	9	...
South Dakota	...	5
Tennessee	12	...
Texas	20	...
Utah	4	...
Vermont	...	4
Virginia	12	...
Washington	7	...
West Virginia	...	8
Wisconsin	...	13
Wyoming	3	...
Totals	272	243

POLITICAL DIVISION OF NEXT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

State.	Republican	Democrat	Others	Contested
Alabama	..	10	..	..
Arizona	..	1	..	..
Arkansas	..	7	..	..
California	5	6	..	..
Colorado	1	3	..	..
Connecticut	4	1	..	..
Delaware	..	1	..	..
Florida	..	4	..	..
Georgia	..	12	..	..
Idaho	2	..	..	..
Illinois	21	6	..	..
Indiana	9	4	..	..
Iowa	11	..	..	..
Kansas	3	5	..	..
Kentucky	2	9	..	..
Louisiana	..	7	†1	..
Maine	4	..	..	..
Massachusetts	11	4	*1	..
Maryland	2	4	..	..
Michigan	12	1	..	..
Minnesota	8	1	†1	..
Mississippi	..	8	..	..
Missouri	2	14	..	..
Montana	1	1	..	..
Nebraska	3	3	..	..
New Hampshire	2	..	..	..
Nevada	1	..	..	..
New Jersey	8	3	..	..
New Mexico	..	..	..	1
New York	26	16	‡1	..
North Carolina	..	9	..	..
North Dakota	3	..	..	..
Ohio	9	13	..	..
Oklahoma	2	6	..	..
Oregon	3	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	30	6	..	..
Rhode Island	2	1	..	..
South Carolina	..	7	..	..
South Dakota	2	1	..	..
Tennessee	2	8	..	..
Texas	..	18	..	..
Utah	..	2	..	..
Vermont	2	..	..	..
Virginia	1	9	..	..
Washington	4	1	..	..
West Virginia	4	2	..	..
Wisconsin	11	..	..	..
Wyoming	1	..	..	..
Totals	215	215	4	1

* Independent. † Progressive. ‡ Socialist.

POLITICAL DIVISION OF SENATE.

	65th Congress Dem.	Rep.	64th Congress Dem.	Rep.
Alabama	2	..	2	..
Arizona	2	..	2	..
Arkansas	2	..	2	..
California	1	1	1	1
Colorado	2	..	2	..
Connecticut	..	2	..	2
Delaware	2	..	1	1
Georgia	2	..	2	..
Florida	2	..	2	..
Idaho	..	2	..	2
Illinois	1	1	1	1
Indiana	..	2	2	..
Iowa	..	2	..	2
Kansas	1	1	1	1
Kentucky	2	..	2	..
Louisiana	2	..	2	..
Maine	..	2	1	1
Maryland	1	1	2	..
Massachusetts	..	2	..	2
Michigan	..	2	..	2
Minnesota	..	2	..	2
Mississippi	2	..	2	..
Missouri	2	..	2	..
Montana	2	..	2	..
Nebraska	1	1	1	1
Nevada	2	..	2	..
New Hampshire	1	1	1	1
New Jersey	1	1	2	..
New Mexico	1	1	..	2
New York	..	2	1	1
North Carolina	2	..	2	..
North Dakota	..	2	..	2
Ohio	1	1	1	1
Oklahoma	2	..	2	..
Oregon	2	..	2	..
Pennsylvania	..	2	..	2
Rhode Island	1	1	..	2
South Carolina	2	..	2	..
South Dakota	1	1	1	1
Tennessee	2	..	2	..
Texas	2	..	2	..
Utah	1	1	..	2
Vermont	..	2	..	2
Virginia	2	..	2	..
Washington	..	2	..	2
West Virginia	..	2	1	1
Wisconsin	1	1	1	1
Wyoming	1	1	..	2
Totals	54	42	56	40

GOVERNORS ELECTED

DEMOCRATS

Arizona—George W. P. Hunt, Democrat.

Arkansas — Dr. Charles Hilman Brough, Democrat.

Florida—M. V. Knott, Democrat.

Georgia—Hugh M. Dorsey, Democrat.

Missouri — Frederick D. Gardner, Democrat.

Nebraska—Keith Neville, Democrat.

New Mexico—E. C. DeBaca, Democrat.

North Carolina—Thomas W. Bickett, Democrat.

South Carolina—Richard L. Manning, Democrat.

Tennessee—Tom C. Rye, Democrat.

Texas—James E. Ferguson, Democrat.

Utah—Simon Bamberger, Democrat.

Vermont—Horace F. Graham, Republican.

REPUBLICANS

Colorado—George A. Carlson, Republican.

Connecticut—Marcus H. Holcomb, Republican.

Delaware—John C. Townsend, Republican.

Idaho—W. D. Davis, Republican.

Illinois—Frank O. Lowden, Republican.

Indiana—James P. Goodrich, Republican.

Iowa—W. P. Harding, Republican.

Kansas—Arthur M. Capper, Republican.

Massachusetts—Samuel M. McCall, Republican.

Michigan—Albert E. Sleeper, Republican.

Minnesota—J. A. A. Burnquict, Republican.

Montana—Frank J. Edwards, Republican.

New Hampshire—Henry W. Keyes, Republican.

New Jersey—Walter E. Edge, Republican.

New York—Charles S. Whitman, Republican.

North Dakota—Linn J. Frazier, Republican.

Ohio—Frank B. Willis, Republican.

Rhode Island—R. L. Beeckman, Republican.

South Dakota—Peter Norbeek, Republican.

Washington — Henry McBruce, Republican.

West Virginia—Ira B. Robinson, Republican.

Wisconsin—Emanuel L. Phillips, Republican.

Electoral Vote For Presideut At Election of 1912.

State.	Wilson D.	Roosevelt P.	Taft R.
Alabama	12	..	..
Arizona	3	..	..
Arkansas	9	..	..
California	2	11	..
Colorado	6	..	..
Connecticut	7	..	..
Delaware	3	..	..
Florida	6	..	..
Georgia	14	..	..
Idaho	4	..	..
Illinois	29	..	..
Indiana	15	..	..
Iowa	13	..	..
Kansas	10	..	..
Kentucky	13	..	..
Louisiana	10	..	..
Maine	6	..	..
Maryland	8	..	..
Massachusetts	18	..	..
Michigan	..	15	..
Minnesota	..	12	..
Mississippi	10	..	..
Missouri	18	..	..
Montana	4	..	..
Nebraska	8	..	..
Nevada	3	..	..
New Hampshire	4	..	..
New Jersey	14	..	..
New Mexico	3	..	..
New York	45	..	..
North Carolina	12	..	..
North Dakota	5	..	..
Ohio	24	..	..
Oklahoma	10	..	..
Oregon	5	..	..
Pennsylvania	..	38	..
Rhode Island	5	..	..
South Carolina	9	..	..
South Dakota	..	5	..
Tennessee	12	..	..
Texas	20	..	..
Utah	..	..	4
Vermont	..	..	4
Virginia	12	..	..
Washington	..	7	..
West Virginia	8	..	..
Wisconsin	13	..	..
Wyoming	3	..	..
Total	435	88	8

Popular Vote For President At Election of 1912

State.	Wilson Dem.	Roosevelt Prog.	Taft Rep.
Alabama	82,438	22,680	9,732
Arizona	10,328	6,949	3,621
Arkansas	68,838	21,673	24,467
California	283,436	283,610	3,914
Colorado	114,232	73,306	58,386
Connecticut	74,561	34,129	68,324
Delaware	22,631	8,886	15,997
Florida	36,417	4,535	4,279
Georgia	93,076	21,980	5,191
Idaho	33,921	25,527	32,810
Illinois	405,048	386,478	253,593
Indiana	281,890	162,007	151,267
Iowa	185,325	161,810	119,805
Kansas	143,663	120,210	74,845
Kentucky	219,584	102,766	115,512
Louisiana	60,971	9,323	3,854
Maine	51,113	48,493	26,545
Maryland	112,674	57,789	54,956
Massachusetts	173,408	142,288	155,948
Michigan	150,751	214,584	152,244
Minnesota	106,426	125,856	64,334
Mississippi	57,227	3,645	1,595
Missouri	330,746	124,371	207,821
Montana	27,941	22,456	18,512
Nebraska	109,008	72,614	54,029
Nevada	7,986	5,620	3,196
New Hampshire	34,724	17,794	32,927
New Jersey	174,982	145,409	88,834
New Mexico	22,139	8,347	17,900
New York	655,475	390,021	455,428
North Carolina	144,507	69,667	29,159
North Dakota	29,555	23,726	23,000
Ohio	424,834	229,807	278,168
Oklahoma	119,156	.....	90,780
Oregon	47,064	37,600	34,073
Pennsylvania	395,619	447,426	273,305
Rhode Island	30,412	16,878	27,703
South Carolina	48,537	1,293	536
South Dakota	48,942	58,811	.....
Tennessee	139,335	53,725	29,444
Texas	219,489	28,530	26,745
Utah	36,579	24,174	42,100
Vermont	15,354	22,132	23,332
Virginia	90,332	21,777	23,288
Washington	86,840	113,698	70,445
West Virginia	113,046	78,977	56,667
Wisconsin	164,228	62,460	130,695
Wyoming	15,310	9,232	14,560
Total	6,286,214	4,126,020	3,483,922

Oklahoma had no Progressive ticket. There were no Republican electors on the official ballot in South Dakota. Debs, Socialist, received 897,011 votes and Chafin, Prohibitionist, received 208,923 votes.

HUGHES GETS STATE BY BIG LEAD

Snyder and Kephart Chosen Auditor General and State Treasurer

KNOX AN EASY VICTOR

Harrisburg.—Pennsylvania rolled up an old time Republican majority when Charles E. Hughes, Republican nominee for President, carried the State by a plurality not below 200,000, according to best estimates.

Philander C. Knox was elected United States Senator by a vote approximating that given to Mr. Hughes, and the four Republican nominees for Congressman-at-large were returned winners by heavy pluralities.

In the district contests for Congress the Republicans have at least held their own. They retain thirty of the thirty-six seats in the delegation. Representative Thomas S. Butler, of Chester County, dean of the delegation, was elected for his tenth term, and he will head the Naval Affairs Committee in the next House.

The heavy vote for the heads of the ticket carried along Charles A. Snyder and Harmon M. Kephart, Republican nominees for Auditor General and State Treasurer, respectively, and Snyder has been re-elected to the State Senate from Schuylkill County.

Both branches of the State Legislature will be strongly Republican, as many of the 25 Senators elected from the odd numbered districts were Republicans seeking reelection. Of the 207 Representatives elected to the lower house, a majority is Republican.

T. Larry Eyre, Republican candidate for the State Senate in the Chester County district, won by a big margin. His candidacy was vigorously assailed by the Democrats, and Collector of the Port W. H. Berry supplied much of the pyrotechnics in this connection.

Wide interest was taken in the nonpartisan contest for Supreme Court Justice, in which Justice Emory A. Wailing, of Erie, was opposed by Charles Palmer, of Delaware.

STATE SENATORS-ELECT.

The following State Senators were elected:

First District—*Edwin H. Vare, R.
Third—*James P. McNichol, R.
Fifth—David Martin, R.
Sixth—*George P. Darrow, R.
Seventh—*A. F. Daix, Jr., R.
Eighth—*Henry W. Watson, R.
Ninth—*W. C. Sproul, R.
Eleventh—G. W. Sassman, D.
Thirteenth—*John G. Homsher, R.
Fifteenth—*E. E. Beidleman, R.
Seventeenth—H. L. Haldeman, R.
Nineteenth—T. Lawrence Eyre, R.
Twentieth—Andrew R. Brodback, D.
Twenty-first—*S. R. Catlin, R.
Twenty-third—E. E. Jones, R.
Twenty-seventh—*W. C. McConnell R.
Twenty-ninth—*C. A. Snyder R.
Thirty-seventh—Wilbur P. Graff R.
Thirty-ninth—*J. B. Weaver R.
Forty-first—*J. Frank Graff R.
Forty-third—*C. J. Magee R.
Forty-fifth—N. A. Whitten R.
Froty-seventh—W. D. Craig R.
Forty-ninth—Miles R. Nason R.
*Present member.

STATE LIST IN CONGRESS

The following Congressmen were elected in Pennsylvania:

At large—*Thomas S. Crago R.
At large—*Mahlon M. Garland R.
At large—Joseph McLaughlin R.
At large—*John R. K. Scott R.
First district—*W. S. Vare R.
Second—*George S. Graham R.
Third—*J. Hampton Moore R.
Fourth—*George W. Edmonds R.
Seventh—*Thomas S. Butler R.
Ninth—*W.W. Griest R.
Tenth—*John R. Farr R.
Thirteenth—*A. G. Dewalt D.
Fourteenth—Lewis T. McFadden R.
Sixteenth—*John V. Lesher D.
Eighteenth—*A. S. Kreider R.
Twenty-second—E. E. Robbins R.
Twenty-fourth—*H. W. Temple R.
Twenty-sixth—*H. J. Steel D.
Twenty-seventh—Nathan L. Strong R.
Twenty-ninth—*Stephen G. Porter R.
Thirty-first—*John M. Morin R.
Thirty-second—*A. J. Barchfeld R.
*Re-elected.

Lancaster county has anchored again in the Republican column with a majority of fully 12,000, and Congressman W. W. Griest goes through with the same majority. The Republicans make a clean sweep of the county, and in Lancaster carry every ward but the Eighth, the old Democratic stronghold, which gives Wilson a small majority.

John G. Homsher is re-elected State Senator in the Thirteenth district. Southern Lancaster county, and Colonel Horace L. Haldeman is elected in the Seventeenth Senatorial district.

The Representatives elected are A. B. Hess, George Hibshman, M. R. Hoffman, Quinlin O. Reitzel and Harry Rhoads.

HAS TWO WORLD'S CHAMPS

Jess Willard and Red Sox Under Same Management.

New York.—The world champion ball club and the world champion fighter are now under the same control.

Harry Frazee, who has just figured in the purchase of the Boston American League baseball club, is the financial man of the syndicate which manages the affairs of Jess Willard. Tom Jones and Jack Curley, acting as his agents on the road.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
ISSUED WEEKLY.

CENTRE HALL - - PENN'A.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1916

SMITH & BAILEY . . . . . Proprietors
S. W. SMITH . . . . . Editor
EDWARD E. BAILEY { Local Editor and Business Manager

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as second Class mail matter.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one and one-half dollars per year.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Reformed—Spring Mills, morning, communion; Union, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Lutheran—Tusseyville, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

LOCALS.

Miss Grace Smith spent the past week in State College.

Millheim will hold a Wilson jubilee Saturday evening that promises to be the real thing.

Townsman Dreese was wag enough to say that the wind from the West made it chilly.

Mrs. F. P. Geary and daughter Agnes are spending this week with relatives in Lewisburg.

Mrs. Archie Buttorff of Yeagertown is spending the week with her cousin, William Colyer, east of Old Fort.

Boozer and Smith, the local auto firm, sold and delivered a new Ford touring car to Morris Burkholder, on Saturday.

W. G. Grossman left on Wednesday for Ritchie, Illinois, where he will remain for an indefinite time with his nephew, Nathan Neese.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Krumrine, of Rebersburg, are spending a few days at the George H. Emerick home. Mr. Krumrine and Mrs. Emerick are cousins.

Wednesday morning we had the first covering of snow; a very light one but no mistaking what it was. The day previous a short snow squall occurred.

Moving pictures of a high grade will be shown in Grange Arcadia on Saturday evening. Two shows—one at 7:15 and the other at 8:30 p. m. Admission 5 and 10 cents.

'Squire Cyrus Brungart found a sack of potatoes on the mountain road a week or more ago which he will gladly return to the owner after payment for this notice has been made.

Domer S. Ishler during the past week installed Essenkay, the patent no-puncture filler, in the tires of autos owned by Messrs. Sol. Peachy, Daniel Peachy, at Belleville, and C. C. Shuey, at Bellefonte.

Miss Gladys Jones on Tuesday became a member of the Reporter typo force, taking the place of Miss Laura Mitterling who decided to lay aside the stick and composing rule. Miss Jones is finding little trouble in mastering the art.

Mrs. L. L. Smith had the misfortune to break a bone in her left ankle on Friday morning when in descending the cellar steps she made miscalculations, thinking she had reached the bottom when in reality there were three more steps to decend.

A regular session of Progress Grange will be held Saturday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. At this time the Golden Jubilee of the Grange will be celebrated simultaneously with the celebration which will be held by the National Grange in Washington, D. C.

The borough school board at its November meeting reported receiving the State appropriation, $708.00, as well as $1200.00 school tax. The local high school has the largest membership in a number of years, twenty-one students being enrolled. An outstanding feature is the large number of township scholars attending high school, there being ten on the roll.

Visitors at the home of Lanson Burris and mother, Mrs. Catharine Burris, west of Centre Hall, on Sunday, were the following, comprising five auto loads: Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Shaeffer and daughter Ethel, Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Shaeffer, Lawrence Bouser, of Altoona; Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Burris, of Yeagertown; Philip Leister and family, of Potters Mills; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mandler, Arthur Mandler and father, all of Lewistown.

Mr. and Mrs. G. O. Benner returned home on Friday from a five-weeks' trip, during which time they visited points in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin and Missouri. They expressed themselves as more than delighted with the fine country they saw and enjoyed brief stops with former Centre county friends, among which were the T. G. Wilson family at Elizabethville, Ill.; the Bruce Goodhart family and James Snyder family at Freeport. The trip was made with no set time for returning home and going as their fancy determined, they gained the maximum of pleasure besides deriving inestimable physical benefits.

Julian A. Fleming Dead.

Julian A. Fleming died in the Bellefonte hospital Tuesday morning at 8:30 o'clock as a result of ulcer of the stomach. His illness dates back to August and was induced by the intense heat. For several months he laid at the Centre Hall hotel and five weeks ago was removed to the hospital. For the past week he was able to take practically no nourishment. Consciousness left him on Sunday and the end came peacefully and without a struggle. His youngest son, D. Earl Fleming, was with his father for two weeks preceding his death.

Mr. Fleming was born in Elmira, New York, in March, 1848, hence was in his sixty-ninth year. He came to Centre county with his father, the late Densmore D. Fleming, in 1873, and for a time engaged in lumbering. Later he became connected with the Johnston Harvester company in the capacity of salesman and general repair man and followed this line of work up until two years ago when he retired and came to Centre Hall to live among his friends. He was widely known throughout the county and sold the first modern reapers to be used by farmers on the south side of Centre county. He held the first field binder trial, in the late 70's, on the then Breon farm, now owned by D. K. Keller, east of Centre Hall. The machines used were the McCormick and Deering. He was considered an expert in his line of work, both as a machinist and a saleeman. Socially Mr. Fleming was a true gentleman and was able to carry on intelligent conversation on varied subjects.

His wife was Mary Ellen, daughter of Daniel Fleisher, and preceded him to the grave twenty years ago and was buried at Tusseyville.

Mr. Fleming was affiliated with both local Masonic and Odd Fellows fraternities. He became a member of the former at Milroy but when the Old Fort lodge, F. & A. M., was instituted here, in 1875, he joined as a charter member and was its second worshipful master. Owing to his being away from home the greater part of the time, and mostly in West Virginia, he had his membership transferred to Wheeling, W. Va.

The body is lying at the home of his sister-in-law, Miss Kathryn Fleisher, where brief funeral services will be conducted Friday morning at 10 o'clock and at the grave the local Masonic order will take charge. Interment will be made in the Centre Hall cemetery.

Mr. Fleming leaves two sons—Malcolm, of Spokane, Washington, and D. Earl, of Baltimore, Maryland. No brothers or sisters survive him.

DEATHS.

Lydia, wife of William E. Haines, died at her home in Rebersburg, Tuesday morning, after a lengthy illness with heart trouble, aged forty-seven years, seven months and nineteen days. Besides the husband, one son, Harry, of Pitcairn, survives. Also these brothers and sister: Andrew J. Ocker, of Big Rock, Ill.; George W., of Lewisburg; Thomas A., of Rebersburg; and Mrs. Mary Hartman, of Erie. Burial will be made in the Union cemetery in Rebersburg on Friday morning, Rev. J. L. Metzgar to officiate.

Mrs. Samuel Ripka died at her home in Millheim on Tuesday morning at four o'clock, after a lingering illness with diabetes, terminating into dropsy. Her maiden name was Huida Garis and she was born about fifty-six years ago. Her husband, who survives, is a brother of A. C. Ripka of this place. No children were born to their union, but three sisters survive her. Burial will be made Friday morning at Millheim, Rev. W. H. Brown officiating.

Mrs. John Neff Dead.

Mrs. John Neff, for many years a resident of Centre Hall, died in Bethany, Illinois, a few days ago. Interment will be made at Centre Hall the latter part of this week.

Two Farms Sold.

E. Clayton Wagner purchased the farm which he originally owned and which he sold to H. C. Shirk about three years ago, this week. The farm is situated at Stone Mill and tenanted by C. E. Flink, who will remain on the place.

G. W. Tressler sold at public sale on Saturday his 50-acre farm, east of Penns Cave, George A. Hettinger being the purchaser. Consideration, $3,025.00.

Cornelius Bland is at the home of Wilbur Bland, recovering from the effects of several broken ribs. He fell from a wagon, when the lock broke.

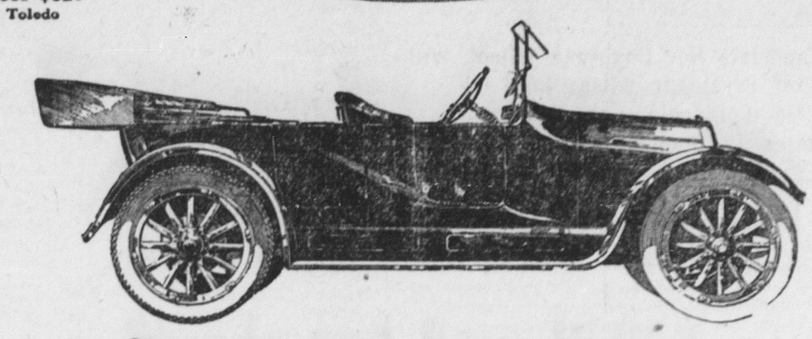
Pennsylvania farmers are slow in adding tractors to their equipment and seem to be waiting for a practical light tractor.

On October 1 there was about 3 per cent of the 1915 wheat crop in the farmers' hands, but most of it has been disposed of at present high prices.

$635
5 Passenger Touring Car
Roadster $620
f.o.b. Toledo

Overland
Model 75 B

31½
Horsepower



Speedy and Easy Riding

There's little comfort in most low priced cars. You can't use their speeds. They jostle you—they ride roughly—they don't hold the road.

The $635 Overland is different. It is not only the speediest of low priced cars—

But you can use the full speed of its powerful motor when you need it.

It has long 42-inch, easy riding, shock absorbing cantilever rear springs. In addition the 75 B Overland is a longer car—104-inch wheelbase. And it has 4-inch tires.

Its smoothness and ease of riding at any speed would do justice to a much larger and heavier car.

Come in and let us demonstrate. That's the best kind of proof.

GEORGE H. EMERICK, Dealer, Centre Hall, Pa. BELL PHONE 9-R4

The Willys-Overland Company, Toledo, Ohio
"Made in U. S. A."

STATE AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

Farmers throughout the State are reported to be stocking up with a good quality of cattle for feeding purposes.

The increased price for milk being obtained by producers is inducing them to improve their dairies and add high grade cows.

It is estimated that 13,140,000 hens on the farms of Pennsylvania annually produce about 100,000,000 dozen eggs.

A record price of $1.00 a dozen is being paid a New York banker for a shipment of twelve dozen eggs weekly from Lycoming county.

Pasture lands which a year ago were reported far above an average, now show only 90 per cent.

Unlucky Name.

Mrs. Morgan came to the city to celebrate the birth of her first grandson. There was much agitation over the selection of a name, but the father finally suggested "Elias."

"Now, Annie," said Mrs. Morgan to her daughter, "don't ye name your boy any such name."

"Why, mother?"

"Because," explained Mrs. Morgan, "I bin readin' o' them Aliases in yer papers since I've bin here. There's Alias Thompson, Alias Williams, Alias the Night-Hawk all bin took up for stealin'. It ain't no good name, I tell ye."

Why Called "Pin Money."

Why is it called "pin money?" The answer to that question goes away back to the fourteenth century. Pins were pins in those days! They were not carelessly lost or cast away as they are now. The law permitted that they be sold only on the first two days of each January, in order that they might not become too common. It therefore became the custom for women of all classes to buy their year's supply of pins on those two days, and the money given to them by their husbands or fathers for that purpose was "pin money."

Moving Pictures
in Grange Arcadia
Centre Hall
SATURDAY EV'G
November 18
High-Grade Pictures
TWO SHOWS—
First Starts at 7:15 p. m.
Second Starts 8:30 p. m.
Admission, 5 & 10c

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
(Seal) A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Good Printing at the Reporter office.

The Centre Hall Pharmacy

Troubled with Piles?

No longer any need for you to suffer with piles since the famous Dr. Bartlet's Pile Cure has been compounded. It is positively sold with a money-back-if-not-satisfied guarantee.

Don't wait another day but come and get relief at once. Sold at a reasonable price.

On sale only at the
THE CENTRE HALL PHARMACY
A Store You Like to Go to

NOT MEANT TO BE SERIOUS

Comparative Harmlessness of French Duels Is Largely a Matter of Arrangement.

A large proportion of the duels in France end without bloodshed. When the offense is not very serious it is agreed beforehand that the words of command shall be given so rapidly that the duelists will not have time to take good aim. Sometimes three shots are exchanged without a hit, and then the seconds step in and—"honor is satisfied." At the word "Fire!" the pistol is raised instantly, and it must be discharged not later than the word "three," so the speed with which these words are given regulates the time in which it is possible to take aim. Therefore the speed with which they are spoken is agreed upon beforehand, this depending upon the seriousness of the duel. The words are timed with a metronome. If the encounter be very serious this is set at the slowest speed, 80 beats a minute, which gives time for taking accurate aim. A speed of 140 beats a minute allows no time for aiming, and, therefore, is used when the seconds consider the duel should be made as little dangerous as possible.

Rural Life, the Nation's Hope.

I warn my countrymen that the great recent progress made in city life is not a full measure of our civilization, for our civilization rests at bottom on the wholesomeness, the attractiveness and the completeness, as well as the prosperity of life in the country. The men and women on the farms stand for what is fundamentally best and most needed in our American life. Upon the development of country life rests ultimately our ability, by methods requiring the highest intelligence, to continue to feed and clothe the hungry nation; to supply the city with fresh blood, clean bodies and clear brains that can endure the terrific strain of modern life; we need the development of men in the open country who will be in the future as in the past the stay and strength of the nation.—Theodore Roosevelt.

Delaware county was the banner oats county with an average of 42 bushels to an acre.

NEW SPECIALS
at Kessler's Dep't Store

We just received the best line of—
LADIES' COATS
this week. Something new; anything you may desire. All prices and sizes, the most desirable fabrics, such as Wool Plush, Tweeds, Sealettes, Velours, etc. Beautiful gowns for teachers attending Institute. You should pay us a visit before completing your outfit.

NEW PINCH-BACK OVERCOATS
for young men, just the thing you want. Classy BALMAROONS for the conservative dresser. Very pretty patterns. We still have some original dye goods that we can guarantee fast colors.

SHOES
of every description
for men and women—any style, leather or cofor. Ladies, you should see our Black Vici, High Cuts. Men, you should see our English Walking Shoes.

We cater to the best trade and give service. Call on us, we are glad to show you our stock. Do not forget our

FUR SETS FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN at
Kessler's Department Store
MILLHEIM

TARGET GUN KILLS BOY.

Brothers, Young in Years, "Shoot Mark" With .22 Calibre Rifle When Shot Finds Its Mark in Head of Younger Brother.—Pleasant Gap the Scene of Accident.

The target gun, in the hands of youngsters, claimed another victim on Tuesday evening when Allen Heisey, eleven-year-old son of Harry Heisey, of Pleasant Gap, died in the Bellefonte hospital a few hours after his brother Chester Heisey, aged fifteen years, shot him in the head when the boys were "shooting mark" near the Samuel Zettle place. The circumstances surrounding the shooting are not definitely known, but that it was purely accidental and brought about in the same manner that has characterized dozens of similar killings of the innocent, is undoubtedly true. The gun was a .22 calibre, the ball entering the head near the temple. The lad never regained consciousness.

Local Properties Changing Hands.

A number of properties in Centre Hall have changed owners within the past week, among which are the following:

Samuel Gingerich sold his property on Church street, occupied by George E. Breon, to Harry Weaver, the carpenter, who will take possession next spring. The consideration was $1100.00.

Clement Luse sold for the heirs the A. P. Luse property, occupied by Dr. A. G. Lieb, to W. D. Bartges who owns the Hiram Durst farm, below Centre Hall. It is not Mr. Bartges' intention to occupy the place.

The Prof. L. O. Packer home, at upper Main street, was sold through the C. D. Bartholomew agency, on Wednesday, to G. W. Tressler, near Penns Cave, for $1800.00. Mr. Tressler, having disposed of his farm last Saturday, will make preparations for moving here next spring and engage at the shoemaker trade.

A deal is pending whereby Frank M. Fisher, of Penn Hall, will acquire Dr. H. F. Bitner's beautiful brick residence. Consummation of the deal will be brought about to-morrow (Friday) when Mr. Fisher will come to town and sign the papers. No figures are given out but it is known that the would-be purchaser is willing to pay a good figure for the property. One of the conditions of the sale is that Mr. Bitner be permitted to occupy the place until April 1st, 1918.

A Democratic Demonstration.

The demonstration Tuesday night in Bellefonte over the re-election of President Wilson was full of enthusiasm and tremendous in size—the largest ever held in the county. There were more people in the parade and more on the sidewalks cheering than in the recollection of men of fifty. The banners were numerous and the inscriptions caused merriment or serious thought as occasion demanded. The crowd was altogether in good humor, the drawn faces not being sufficient to interfere with the intent of the great gathering.

Marriage Licenses.

Joseph B. Quiggle, Faxton
Florence G. Cipher, Faxton
George H. Fager, Bellefonte
Helen E. Roff, Bellefonte
William S. Neff, Howard
Frederica Gummo, Howard.

BOALSBURG.

Miss Frances Patterson is spending the week at Linden Hall.

B. P. Lonberger, of Virginia, is visiting his family here.

Mrs. Nannie Coxey and son Paul are visiting in Altoona.

Dick Kreamer, of Altoona, spent a few days in town visiting relatives.

Mrs. Rote is visiting her sister, Mrs. William Myers.

Mrs. E. E. Brown spent several days last week in Bellefonte visiting relatives.

John Stover, of Pleasant Gap, is spending a few days with his son, William Stover.

Mrs. Samuel Weaver and children are visiting at the Lee Brooks home at Pleasant Gap.

Mrs. James Goodhart, of Centre Hill, spent Thursday with Mrs. Henry Reitz.

Daniel Loneberger, of State College, is spending this week with his grandfather, D. W. Meyers.

Miss Henrietta McGirk, of Bellefonte, visited at the home of her grandmother, Mrs. Henrietta Dale.

A. E. Gingerich and Miss Ethel Gingerich spent Saturday afternoon at Bellefonte.

Mrs. (Dr.) Wireback, of Pittsburg, and Mrs. Philip Fisher, of State College, visited Mrs. E. A. Fisher.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Allen, of Centre Hill, spent Sunday at the home of John Allen.

Rev. Daniel Brouse and wife, of Williamsport, visited a few days at the William Brouse home.

William Meyer, wife and daughter, Mrs. Fred Reitz took an auto trip to Instanter and spent a few days at the William Sweet home.

Mrs. G. L. Courtney and daughter Rhoda are visiting at the home of Mrs. Courtney's son, Warren, at Danville.

Centre Reporter, $1.50 per year.

Aaronsburg.

Ted Crocier, of Lewistown, spent a day at the Guisewite home.

Blaine Bitner, of Spring Mills, spent some time with his aunt, Alice Bright.

Miss Beckie Snyder was removed to a Philadelphia hospital last Wednesday by Dr. C. S. Musser.

Mr. and Mrs Clarence Musser autoed to Bellefonte on Monday, to the home of John Tressler.

The Rebecca Needle Craft club, sixteen in number, spent Monday evening in a very delightful manner at the home of Mrs. Robert Menech.

Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Barner and children, of Salona, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Warren Winkleblech, on Sunday.

Dr. A. S. Musser and daughter visited the former's brother, D. K. Musser, at Bellefonte, one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Goodman left Monday for their home in Lewistown after spending a few weeks with the parents of both, in this place.

Mrs. John Haines, whose severe sickness has been mentioned at various times, is still in a critical condition, having had a bad spell on Saturday.

Dr. D. F. Bowersox, daughter Mrs. Mrs. T. C. Weaver, and granddaughter Mary Bradford, autoed to Hublersburg, Clintondale and Bellefonte, on Saturday, stopping with relatives at each place.

Guests at the J. M. Harter home on Sunday were: Mr. and Mrs. Forest Harter, of Snydertown; Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Shook, of Spring Mills; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Braucht and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bahm, Mrs. Jacob Everett, Miss Lydia Walter, Mrs. Bedlyon, of Coburn; A. R. Everett, of Bellefonte.

Mrs. Caroline Maise and Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Guisewite were treated to a genuine surprise on Thursday evening, when a 7-passenger Hudson from New York City drew up and unloaded the following parties: Mr. and Mrs. Percy, Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Eby, Mrs. William Maize and two daughters, Mrs. Anna Maize and Miss Adrenna Herman. All erjoyed a delightful time.

REBERSBURG

Sidney Guisewite and wife of Loganon spent last Sunday at this place with their son Allen.

After a lingering illness Mrs. William Haines died on Tuesday forenoon.

Mr. Strubel, of State College, was at this place on last Saturday and looked over C. C. Smull's small farm, situated at Smullton. Mr. Struble is thinking of buying the same.

The Democrats had an old time Wilson parade on last Saturday evening. A band furnished the music for the occasion.

One evening last week our young folks did their very best when they serenaded Jacob Gephart and his new wife, who was Mrs. Harvey Miller.

One day last week Randel Miller stole away from his home at Rockville and in a day returned with a charming young lady, whom he says he found at Loganton and he calls her his dear wife.

CENTRE OAK

Lots of plowing is being done this fall.

C. H. Burd and family from Coburn spent Sunday at the C. S. Musser home.

Weather fine and the fall work in good shape; everybody must have been getting ready to go up Salt River.

Our public school teachers are attending the teachers institute at Bellefonte this week. This gives the pupils a little vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Ream spent a few days in Union county. Miss Cora Catherman accompanied them to her home.

The George W. Tressler farm was sold at public sale on last Saturday, George A. Hettinger being the purchaser. Consideration, $3,025.00. Have not learned where Mr. Tressler will locate.

The district S. S. convention held at Union Church on last Friday afternoon and evening was largely attended. The subjects on the progam were very ably discussed by all the speakers. Everybody enjoyed the sessions very much.

Spring Mills.

The Reformed congregation is holding service in its church this week.

The schools are closed this week; the teachers are attending institute at Bellefonte.

Quite a number of people went to Bellefonte on Tuesday evening to attend the Democratic rally.

Mrs. Thomas Decker, Mrs. H. F. Rossman, Mrs. H. S. Braucht, Mrs. A. N. Finkle, attended a meeting of the Eastern Star, at Mifflinburg, on Friday evening.

At Garman's Opera house.

"A Little Girl In A Big City," which is a story of dangers and temptations that confronted an innocent young country girl who came to New York in search of employment, will be the attraction at the opera house, Bellefonte, Monday, Nov. 20th. It will be presented by a perfect company and with all of the original scenery and accessories used during its sensational New York engagement. Prices, 25, 35, 50, 75, and a few at $1.00.

PRIMROSE LONG A FAVORITE

Many Poets Have Written of the Flower, But Only Shakespeare Really Their Subject.

The poets quoted in the Office Window writes a correspondent, should not mean that the primrose is delicate, but merely that its time of flowering is a cold time, and that it can never possess the fullness of the later sunshine. But unlike these easily sentimental poets (Milton, forgive me) Shakespeare alone is quite explicit. Shakespeare alone has the natural fact at heart and identifies natural fact with divine poetry. Spencer's "untimely tempest" and Hilton's "forsaken" are both false, for tempest is not untimely but timely during the primrose's life; and the primrose is not "forsaken" any more than a young virgin is forsaken. Shakespeare every time. Shakespeare forever.

The primrose of old was credited with a medicinal as well as a superstitious value. Even now in some country parts a decoction of primrose leaves is supposed to restore a failing memory, and in 1654, when Culpeper wrote his "London Dispensatory," the primrose was regarded as an almost universal panacea, curing "convulsions, falling sickness, palsies, etc.," and strengthening "the brain, senses and memory excedingly." And even the healthy did not disdain to eat it, for primrose pasty was once a popular Lancashire delicacy. After this one wonders if it is not a waste to wear it in one's buttonhole.—London Chronicle.

BRITONS FIRST TO USE SOAP

Roman Conquerors Said to Have Transferred Custom to Italy, From Whence It Spread.

One of the few inventions that are not ascribed to foreign ingenuity is that common household article soap. It is said that the ancient Britons were the first makers of soap, and that the Romans, when they conquered that island took the invention back with them to Italy.

Most of what we wash with is made from fat, but in foreign lands there are natural soaps. The is the soap root of Spain, the soap-berry of Chili, and the bark of the Peruvian soap-tree. At a little town in Mexico soap actually takes the place of copper coinage! In another part of the same South American republic the inhabitants eat soap, finding much nourishment therein.

The French term for soap, "savon," by the way, owes its origin to the town of Savona, in France, where vast quantities of the material were formerly manufactured.

Spelling Didn't Count.

A Southern negro put up a sign on his place, "For Sail." He was ridiculed, and changed it to "sell," and finally tried a third time, his sign reading "sall."

It had not been up an hour when an old colored man came along and queried: "Does you mean dat dis place am fur Sally? What yer gwine to giv de place to Sally fur?"

"Am you findin' fault wid dat sign?" asked the other.

"Well, I doan' quite cotch on to de spellin'."

"You doan, eh? Has you got seben hundred dollahs to pay cash down for dis place?"

"No, sah."

"Den you pass on, an' shet up! May be I doan' spell just the same as you do, but I'ze prospecks of handlin' seven hundred dollahs, while you got boaf knees out to de weddah. Go 'long, ole man; yo' too fly on jogerfy."—The Argonaut.

Too Deep.

Two colored men were on an expedition to the colonel's hen roost one dark night. Mose had planted the ladder, climbing up to where the chickens were roosting, and was passing them down to Ephriam, who put them in a bag. Suddenly Mose stopt.

"What's de mattah, Brudder Mose?" inquired Ephraim anxiously.

"I's just been thinkin', Brudder Ephraim, how me and you is membahs ub de church, an' wedder it's right to take de cunnel's chickings?"

"Brudder Mose," said Ephraim, "dat am a great moral question which you an' me ain't fit ter wrastle wid. Pass down anudder chicking."

Why He Is Fond of Friend Nephew.

"My favorite nephew, Oliver Tolliver is—well, he's my favorite nephew," remarked the Old Codger. "B'cuz, while he is pretty much always getting into trouble or having things go amiss with him, and so forth and so on, instead of blaming it onto somebody else, or his luck, or the party in power, or saying he can't imagine how in the world it came to happen, he just scratches his head, grins a wry grin and says: 'Well, dadblame my fool picture; that's another time I brought it right on myself by not having as much sense as a barrel of hair!'"

Worth More.

The miner dropped his pick and stared with bulging eye at the yellow mass which a stroke of his implement had just laid bare. For a minute he was struck speechless. Then, like one gone mad, he gave forth a mighty shout.

"What is it?" he cried, breathlessly.

"Gold!" yelled the other. "Pure gold! Tons of it!"

"Is that all?" exclaimed his partner disgustedly. "From all the hullabaloo ye are makin' one'd think ye' had dug into a firkin o' butter!"

Brings results—a Reporter adv.

FORCED TO EAT COMPANION

Escaped Convicts Resort to Cannibalism When They Find Themselves Lost in Forest.

Cannibalism of a horrible nature is reported at Paris from the penal settlement in French Guinea, Africa. Four convicts named Mouillard, Bachreau, Fossey and Marchevel, arranged to escape. One of them, Bachereau, who had made several attempts to get away appointed himself leader of the party, and procured food and weapons. They left one night, and Bachereau promised to lead them to a place where they would be able to dig for gold and make enough to live until they could escape from the colony altogether. They left with a sword apiece, some loaves of bread, and some preserved vegetables in tins. Fossy acted as guide, saying that he knew the way to the River Mana, where gold was plentiful. After a six days' march Fossy admitted that he had lost his way. The four men wandered about aimlessly for eight days more living on roots. Starvation overtook them. Marchevel broke down, and his three companions killed and ate him. Two days afterwards they got to a river, stole a boat with provisions on board, and got to Mana, where they were able to steal a large boat. They were wrecked at the mouth of the Maroni, and taken back to prison at St. Laurent. The three men have confessed to eating their companion, and are to be tried for his murder.

FOUND A USE FOR THE STOVE

French Physician Probably Made Present of "Pernicious Object" to His Mother-in-Law.

A French physician called on one of his patients—a lady—who was complaining of headache and general prostration.

"I'll tell you what's the matter with you, madam," he said, promptly; "it's that stove you have over there. Those coal-burning stoves are reservoirs of poison—the deadliest things in the world."

"But that stove cost me one hundred francs!" protested the lady.

"Never mind that. Better lose any amount of money than your life. I'll tell you what I'll do; I'll give you twenty-five francs for it, and find some way of getting rid of the pernicious object."

The lady consented, and the doctor removed the stove.

A few days later, the patient, who thought of changing her residence, went out to inspect a suite of rooms, and the first thing that met her gaze was the stove.

"Who lives here?" she asked of the servant who was showing her over the rooms.

"Madame A., madame," said the servant respectfully—"Doctor B.'s mother-in-law!"

City of Philosophers.

Lichfield, which has just lost her bishop, never possessed a more patriotic son than that stalwart churchman, Doctor Johnson, declares the London Westminster Gazette. He declared that his fellow citizens spoke the purest English, brewed the best beer, baked the finest oat cakes, and when Boswell observed that there were no manufactures, he retorted: "Sir, we are a city of philosophers; we work with our heads, and make the boobies of Birmingham work for us with their hands." One of these "philosophers," Dr. Erasmus Darwin, grandfather of the great biologist, Doctor Johnson cordially disliked, partly for his whig opinions and partly because he was a formidable rival in conversation.

Daily Thought.

The workman who lives in his work and not by it is putting vitality and joy into every hour. He is not grinding at distasteful tasks to the bare limit of the scheduled hours, and then hurrying elsewhere to live. He is consciously living, exerting his powers, enjoying their exercise, in his daily task. This, then, becomes his existence, rather than the marginal hours spent outside the workshops. Until every toiler can be so environed and so conditioned at his task as to feel this joy in it, society will not have solved the human problem. Carlyle's man who sings at his work is exactly this man whose heart rejoiceth to run the daily race.—Mary Stanhope.

Poetic Argentine.

Not long ago a young man attached to the Argentine Legation at Washington was a guest at a certain afternoon affair, when a young woman invited his attention to a couple in a corner who were paying marked attention to each other.

"He is fifty-one and she thirty-nine," said the young woman, "and they have been 'courting for twenty years."

The Argentine adjusted his monacle and glanced at the happy pair. "Ah, said he, "a romance of the Middle Ages, eh?"—Lippincott's Magazine.

Pen Pictures of Mother's Love.

You know what it would be to spend one of your winter evenings in a chamber without a fire on the hearth or a carpet on the floor; even though the furniture were costly and the friends congenial, nothing could impart the lacking comfort or diffuse the wonted radiance. And in this wintry world, your mother's love and care are the carpet on the floor, and the blaze on the evening hearth. To life's latest moment they mingle in every picture of pre-eminent happiness.—Dr. J. Hamilton.

Centre Reporter, $1.50 per year.

THE MARKETS.

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FOR SALE—Home containing three acres of land, thereon erected house, barn and outbuildings; situated along the pike between Penn Hall and Spring Mills, Pa., and known as the Adam Grenoble home. It must be sold. For further information apply to J. A. GRENOBLE, Executor, Yeagertown Pa. 44.0.47

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WILSON URGES ALL TO PULL TOGETHER

President's First Speeches Since the Election.

NO PARTISAN FEELING NOW

President Serves As One Of the Godfathers For Mrs. Sayre's Baby and Makes An Address To the Students Of Williams College.

Williamstown, Mass.—"Now that the campaign is over we may all address ourselves to the welfare of the nation without thought of partisan feeling," declared President Wilson in his first public speech since the national election, delivered before a delegation of Williamstown residents and Williams College students.

The President was welcomed by the students and townspeople after the christening of Eleanor Axson Sayre, the second child of his daughter, Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, and for whom he stood as godfather.

Students Cheer Him.

Soon after his arrival at the home of his son-in-law, assistant to the president of Williams College, the delegation, headed by President H. A. Garfield, of the college, marched to the Sayre home. The President spoke from the porch of the house and was cheered enthusiastically by the students.

"I came here to forget the field of politics and for a brief rest. I came simply to visit my daughter and to attend a simple ceremony here today," he said. "Now that the campaign is over we may all address ourselves to the welfare of the nation without thought of partisan feeling."

The President referred to his service as chief executive of Princeton University, saying he knew from experience there was politics even in the running of a college.

Politics As a Means.

"Politics," he continued, "is after all a means of getting something done, of putting forward ideas. It is a fight, but the man who does not love the fight has no red blood in his veins."

Mr. Wilson told a story of a man having a vision in which he was offered a horn and a sword and chose the horn. Immediately the vision vanished and the man was cursed for taking the horn before the sword. He told the story to illustrate the necessity for fighting.

Urges United Service.

A second speech was delivered by the President at night before several thousand persons who came from nearby towns to congratulate him on his re-election. He said:

"I want to say that now the campaign is over we must think of only one thing, and that is not of parties, but of the interest of the great country we all love. Let us forget all our differences and unite for common service. Only in that way can we work for the great nation that has given us liberty and peace."

JAPAN YIELDS TO U. S.

Will Not Try To Hold the Islands In South Sea.

Tokio.—Japan has agreed not to make a part of her peace conference demands the right to hold permanently the South sea islands which were wresed from Germany at the outbreak of the war. Several of these islands which belong to the Caroline and Merianne groups lie not far from the American island of Guam, the American terminus of the Pacific cable.

It is understood the United States has informally expressed a desire that these islands should not become the permanent property of the Japanese Empire.

Inasmuch as they were captured through the joint operations of the British and Japanese fleets it is understood the United States first took up the question with Great Britain and that a joint suggestion was made by Great Britain and the United States that Japan should not insist upon the permanent maintenance of the islands.

In view of Japan's promise to accede to the joint request it is believed likely that Japan at the peace conference will seek compensation in some other direction, perhaps in the affirmation of her rights in the Chinese peninsula of Shantung, of which Kiau Chau is the great naval base.

The islands in question are now administered by the Japanese Government.

"DRYS" HAVE BIG PROGRAM.

Anti-Saloon League Encouraged By Victories In Four States.

Washington.—The legislative committee of the Anti-Saloon League of America issued a statement here commenting on the prohibition victories Tuesday, when Michigan, Nebraska, Montana and South Dakota joined the list of state-wide prohibition States, and declaring that Congress this winter should pass the Federal amendment resolution, make the District of Columbia "dry" and deny the mails to liquor advertising.

IF FOOD PRICES KEEP SOARING

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
IF WAGES WOULD INCREASE IN PROPORTION WITH THE PRICE OF FOOD
LET'S SEE THERE'S BEEF, BUTTER, FLOUR AND MEAT THAT WILL BE $40.15
JOHN HAVE YOU A DOLLAR? WILLIE WANTS TO BUY A STICK O' CANDY
CHECK BOOK
WE SHOULD WORRY
INTERIOR OF A GROCERY STORE WILL LOOK LIKE A SAFETY DEPOSIT VAULT

(Copyright.)

GERMANY WOULD WORK FOR PEACE

Is Ready to Join World League Move After War.

CHANCELLOR MAKES PLEDGE

Germany Will Co-operate In Forming An International League to Procure Lasting Peace—Answers Lord Grey's Charges.

Berlin.—Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg announced that after the ending of the war Germany would cooperate in an endeavor to find a practical means for procuring a lasting peace by means of an international league.

In an address, which was a reply to the speech of Earl Grey, the British Foreign Secretary, made in the House of Commons recently, the Chancellor said:

"Germany will honestly co-operate in examination of every endeavor to find a practical solution and will collaborate for its possible realization. This all the more if the war, as we expect and trust, shall create political conditions that do full justice to the free development of all nations, of small as well as great nations. Then the principle of justice and free development, not only on the Continent, but also on the seas, must be made valid. This, to be sure, Lord Grey did not mention."

Says Britain Would Dominate.

The Chancellor pointed out that Lord Grey's ideas in regard to international guarantees of peace seemed to possess a peculiar character in that they took into consideration only British wants. Neutrals, which, during the war, had to accept in silence British domination of the seas were to form a union after the war when, England hopes, she will have conquered Germany, in order to guarantee that the British plans will prevail under the new condition.

The Chancellor said it was known on reliable authority that in 1915 Great Britain and France promised to Russia dictatorial domination of Constantinople, the Bosphorus and the west shore of the Dardanelles, with the Hinterland, and that Asia Minor should be divided among the Entente Powers. These plans, he continued, probably were of interest for neutrals, who were expected to guarantee this order of things.

Hits At Aggressive Coalition.

"Such a policy of brute force," the Chancellor added, "cannot be the basis of an efficient international league for peace. These are the plans of our enemies for annexation, to which must be added Alsace and Lorraine; while I have never designated the annexation of Belgium as our intention when I spoke about the aims of the war.

"The first condition for the evolution of international relations by way of arbitration and peaceful compromise of conflicting interests ought to be that no more aggressive coalitions be formed," the Chancellor continued. "Germany is at all times ready to enter a league of peace which will restrain the perturbator of peace.

Contradicts Lord Grey.

"Lord Grey says that Germany, with her first offer of Belgian and French integrity, wanted to purchase from England permission to take of the French colonies whatever she pleased. Even to the most insane person in Germany it never occurred to assault France in order to rob her of her colonies. It was not this which was Europe's doom, but the fact that the British Government favored French and Russian plans of conquest, which could not be obtained without a European war."

HENRY OF BAVARIA KILLED.

Nephew of King Louis and Commanded Battalion.

Berlin.—Prince Henry of Bavaria, nephew of King Louis and commander of a battalion of the King's Own infantry, has been killed in battle. The Prince's mother has gone to the front to bring back the body of her only child.

UNITED STATES WARNED MEXICO

To Permit No U-Boat Base on the Gulf Coast.

IS RESENTED BY CARRANZA

Answer To Threat Of "Drastic Measures" Apparently Admits Charges and Tells British Government To Act For Itself.

Mexico City.—The Mexican Government has been notified by the British Ambassador at Washington of the presence of German submarines in the Gulf of Mexico, and has been warned that the allies will take "drastic measures" if the undersea craft receive aid from Mexican ports or sources.

This information was made public by Foreign Minister Aguilar, who issued the text of a note received from the British Ambassador through United States Secretary of State Lansing and Charge d'Affaires Charles B. Parker.

Rebukes Great Britain.

The British note demands a strict censorship of the Mexican wireless, and says that any failure to maintain Mexican neutrality will be attended by disastrous results. In his reply, addressed to Mr. Parker, Senor Aguilar says that it seems strange to the Mexican Government that Great Britain should use the United States State Department as an intermediary on a point concerning Mexico alone, especially when Great Britain has an accredited representative to Mexico.

The reply says that the Mexican Government will, for this time only answer the representations of the British Government through Mr. Parker.

Tells British To Act.

Foreign Minister Aguilar states that the Mexican Government feels it unjust for the allies to hold Mexico responsible for submarine activities in the Gulf when the same submarines arrived in American ports and sank ships in American territorial waters without causing conflicts or difficulties between Germany and the United States. He adds that Mexico desires to retain cordial relations with Great Britain and to this end suggests that the English fleet prevent the German submarines from leaving their base thus obviating to the Mexican Government disagreeable incidents caused by the European conflict.

If such measures by England are not efficacious, the Foreign Minister concludes, the Mexican Government will take such measures as the circumstances direct should German submarines enter Mexican waters.

MANY HAVE SIGHT RESTORED.

Free Clinics In West Virginia Fighting Trachoma.

Williamson, W. Va.—Many persons who have been blind for years have had their sight restored as a result of the free clinic being conducted here through the co-operation of the United States Public Health Service and the State Department of Health. Of the 37 persons examined 25 were found to have trachoma. Dr. H. B. Wood is representing the State Department at the clinic. One woman who had been blind 41 years had her sight restored and one man who was blind three months can now see as the result of an operation.

MRS. ODENHEIMER WINS OUT.

Re-Elected President of Daughters of Confederacy.

Dallas, Texas.—Mrs. Frank G. Odenheimer, of Maryland, was re-elected president of the United Daughters of the Confederacy by a vote of 2,134 to 20. Recommendations included in the report of the executive board exonerating Mrs. Odenheimer of alleged partiality in connection with deciding the Maryland presidency of the organization were adopted by the general convention of the organization in session here.

NO BASIS IN FACT

Roosevelt's Idle Talk Concerning Germany and Venezuela.

Ex-President's Claim That His Action Forced the Kaiser's Government to Submit to Arbitration Is Laughable.

"When I was president and Germany wanted to assume control of part of Venezuela 'temporarily' I got Dewey and had every ship in the fleet ready south of Porto Rico. And I got the arbitration I asked for because Germany knew I meant what I said. If it had been otherwise we would have had a German stronghold in Venezuela, and most of the present war would have been fought right at our front door."—Theodore Roosevelt.

Mr. Roosevelt does not explain in detail just how the establishment of a German stronghold in Venezuela would have brought the present war to our front door. The capture of Paris or Petrograd by way of Venezuela would have been a flanking movement of very considerable dimensions. But that is a detail. What it is well to remember concerning Germany and Venezuela is that associated with Germany in the pressure against Venezuela for the payment of her debts were Great Britain and Italy, and that France on her own account had broken relations with the Venezuelan government. We are asked to believe that Great Britain was helping Germany to establish a stronghold in Venezuela, and that only Mr. Roosevelt's drastic action frustrated the nefarious scheme. To compare Venezuela with the European war is to compare a backyard smudge with a conflagration.

What Wilson Should Have Done.

At last the final and authoritative judgment has been pronounced upon President Wilson's successful efforts to prevent a railroad strike. Theodore Roosevelt says:

"My action in the anthracite coal strike is the method, in my opinion, by which such situations should be handled."

What Mr. Roosevelt did in the anthracite coal strike was to do nothing at all until the strike had lasted five months and the public consequently had become intolerable. Then he acted.

By following that policy President Wilson would have allowed the railroads and the brotherhoods to fight it out until January 4, 1917. Then he would have intervened. What would have happened to the country in the meantime heaven only knows, but the president would have had the proud gratification of knowing that he had acted in accordance with "MY action in the anthracite coal strike."

Truth About Underwood Tariff.

One of the most remarkable things about the Underwood tariff is the heavy increase in imports of raw materials under it. This has gone up 150 per cent. Most of this raw material comes in duty free, and it goes to our mills and factories for transformation into the finished product. Here is where the transportation companies get their share of prosperity and where the laboring people get theirs. Protective duties on raw materials have kept them out of this country, lessening the country's prosperity just that much.

With a trade balance in our favor of nearly two billion now and the prospect of its being two and a half billion by the end of the fiscal year, the party of protection has all the logic taken out of its argument in favor of that tariff system.

History-Making Bill.

The revenue bill contains one provision which will make a landmark in American financial legislation—the inheritance tax. This tax, as it stands, is not as heavy as it should be, and its graduations may appear clumsy. But these faults can be corrected later; the big thing is to get any sort of inheritance tax incorporated in our financial policy.

The amendments introduced by the senate to secure better respect for American rights from the belligerent powers, will bear close study. It is important to note that these amendments are permissive, not mandatory; the president is "authorized" to resort to certain reprisals, not "directed" to do so. The senate puts a club into the president's hand, but does not insist on his using it.

Democratic Congress Helps Farmer.

Despite the stress of foreign affairs, threatened international complications, national preparedness measures, and the narrowly averted industrial warfare between railroads and the railroad employees, congress has found time since March 4, 1913, to do more for the American farmer than has been done during the preceding half century.—Terre Haute (Ind.) Tribune.

Democratic Record.

When Mr. Taft went out of office no American national bank could maintain foreign branches. Today the American exporter's best friend in the foreign field is the American branch bank. When the Taft administration ended, our department of commerce seagoing craft—40 of them—were without wireless installations. Today they have them. Then we had no "commercial attaches" in the foreign field. Today American exporters are reaping a golden harvest from contracts which this service has made possible.

THE MARKETS

NEW YORK.—Wheat—No. 1 Durum, exhausted; No. 2 hard, $1.96¼; No. 1 Northern Duluth, new, $2.02¼; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.97¼ f o b New York.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, $1.12 to arrive, c i f New York.

Oats—Standard, 58½@59c.

Butter — Creamery, higher than extras, 36¾@37½c; creamery extra (92 score), 36@36½c; firsts, 34¾@35¾c; seconds, 33½@34½c.

Eggs — Fresh-gathered, extra fine, 41@42c; extra firsts, 38@40c; firsts, 35½@37c; seconds, 32@35c; nearby hennery, whites, fine to fancy, 58@65c; nearby hennery, browns, 43@50c.

Cheese—State, fresh, specials, 21½c; do, average fancy, 21¼c.

Live Poultry — Chickens, 18½c; fowls, 18½c; turkeys, 23c; dressed, firmer; chickens, 19½@30c; fowls, 16@23½c; turkeys, 20@30c.

PHILADELPHIA. — Wheat — No. 2 red, spot, $1.80@1.84; No. 2 Southern red, $1.79@1.82; do, steamer, No. 2 red, $1.77@1.80; do do, No. 3, $1.77@1.80; rejected A, $1.73@1.76; rejected B, $1.69@1.72.

Corn—Western, No. 2 yellow, $1.18@1.19; do, steamer, yellow, $1.16@1.17; do do, No. 3 yellow, $1.13@1.14; do do, No. 4 yellow, $1.10@1.11.

Oats—No. 2 white, 60@60½c; standard white, 59½@60c; No. 4 white, 58½@59c; No. 4 white, 57@58c; sample, 54@55c.

Butter — Western, solid-packed creamery, fancy, specials, 39c; do do, extras, 37@38c; do do, extra firsts, 36@36½c; do do, firsts, 35½c; do do, seconds, 34½c; nearby prints, fancy, 40c; do do, average extras, 38@39c; do do, firsts, 37c; do do, seconds, 35@36c; jobbing sales of fancy prints, 43@46c.

Eggs—Nearby extras, 41c; nearby firsts, per standard case, $11.40; nearby current receipts, $11.10; Western extras, 41c per dozen; do do, extra firsts, $11.40 per case; do do, firsts, $11.10; refrigerator extras, $9.75; do do, firsts, $9.30@9.60; do do, seconds, $8.25@8.85; fancy selected, candled, jobbing at 45@47c.

Cheese — New York, full cream, fancy, 21¾@22c; do do, fair to good, 21@21½c; do do, part skims, 11@19c.

Live Poultry—Fowls, 15@17c; roosters, 13@14c; spring chickens, according to quality, 15@17c; white leghorns, according to quality, 14@16c; ducks as to size and quality, 15@18c; turkeys, 22@24c; geese, 15@17c; pigeons, old, per pair, 25@28c; do do, young, per pair, 18@22c; guineas, per pair, old, 60@65c; young, according to size, weighing 1½ pounds apiece and over, $1.40@1.50.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red spot and November, 187¼c; December 2 red, 188¾; steamer No. 2 red spot, 170⅛; No. 2 red Western spot and November, 192⅞; December No. 2 red Western, 194⅛; steamer No. 2 red Western, 175⅞.

Corn—Prime sail yellow corn, for domestic delivery, $1.15 per bushel for car lots on spot. Cob corn, new, is quotable at $4.05@4.10 per barrel for carloads.

Oats—No. 2 white, 59@59½c; standard white, 58½@59; No. 3 white, 57½@58.

Rye—No. 2 rye, Western, $1.49@1.50; No. 3 do, $1.45@1.47; No. 4 do, $1.45@1.46; bag lots, as to quality and condition, $1.20@1.35.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $16.50@17; No. 2 do, $15.50@16; No. 3 do, $13@15; light clover mixed, $15.50; No. 1 clover mixed, $15; No. 2 do, $11.50@13.50; No. 1 clover, $13@13.50; No. 2 do, $11@12; No. 3 do, $8@9.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, $17@17.50; No. 2 do, $15.50@16; No. 1 tangled rye, $12@13; No. 2 do, $10@11; No. 1 wheat, $9@9.50; No. 2 do, $8@8.50; No. 1 oat, $10@11; No. 2 do, $9@9.50.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 36½; do, choice, 35½@36; do, good, 34@34½; do, prints, 37@37½; do, blocks, 36@37; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 28; Ohio rolls, 27; West Virginia rolls, 27; storepacked, 27; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania dairy prints, 27.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 38@39c; Western firsts, 38@39; West Virginia firsts, 37@38; Southern firsts, 36@37. Choice cold storage eggs are quoted at 32@33c for candled and 31c for uncandled.

Live Poultry—Chickens, old hens, 4 lbs and over, 17@18c; do, do, small to medium, 16@17; do, old roosters, 11; do, springers, smooth, fat, 17@18; do, do, rough and poor, 15½; do, do, white Leghorns 16@16½; ducks, young Pekings, 3½ lbs and over, 16; do, do, puddle, do, do, 15@16; do, do, muscovy, do, do, 15@16; do, do, smaller, 14@15; geese, nearby 15@16; turkeys, young, 8 lbs and over, 22@23; do, do, smaller, 20@21; do, old, 22@23; pigeons, young, per pair, 20; do, old, do, 20; guinea fowl, young, 1½ lbs and over, each, 80; do do, do, smaller, do, 65@70; do, do, old, 30.

Live Stock

CHICAGO. — Hogs — Bulk, $9.35@9.95; light, $9@10; mixed, $9.35@10.20; heavy, $9.35@10.25; rough, $9.35@9.55; pigs, $6.75@8.50.

Cattle—Native beef cattle, $6.75@11.75; Western steers, $6.40@9.75; stockers and feeders, $4.65@7.85; cows and heifers, $3.50@9.50; calves, $7.25@11.25.

Sheep—Wethers, $7.00@8.70; ewes, $4@7.60; lambs, $8.40@11.

A REMARKABLE STATEMENT

Mrs. Sheldon Spent $1900 for Treatment Without Benefit. Finally Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Englewood, Ill. — "While going through the Change of Life I suffered with headaches, nervousness, flashes of heat, and I suffered so much I did not know what I was doing at times. I spent $1900 on doctors and not one did me any good. One day a lady called at my house and said she had been as sick as I was at one time, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made her well, so I took it and now I am just as well as I ever was. I cannot understand why women don't see how much pain and suffering they would escape by taking your medicine. I cannot praise it enough for it saved my life and kept me from the Insane Hospital."—Mrs. E. SHELDON, 5657 S. Halsted St., Englewood, Ill.

Physicians undoubtedly did their best, battled with this case steadily and could do no more, but often the most scientific treatment is surpassed by the medicinal properties of the good old fashioned roots and herbs contained in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If any complication exists it pays to write the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special free advice.

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowel. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A Hint.

He—I love all kinds of birds.

She—I don't. I hate a jay.—Baltimore American.

Sore Eyes, Blood-Shot Eyes, Watery Eyes, Sticky Eyes, all healed promptly with nightly applications of Roman Eye Balsam. Adv.

The Reason.

"Figures can't lie."

"That must be one of the reasons, then, why they stand."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 40 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels.—Adv.

You may have noticed that the friends who are willing to lend you money are those who have no money to lend.

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" not only expels Worms or Tapeworm but cleans out the mucus in which they breed and tones up the digestion. One dose sufficient. Adv.

No man who is in debt can boast of being independent.

A jeweler says pearls are like women—they require a lot of attention.

Feel Achy All Over?

To ache all over in damp weather, or after taking a cold, isn't natural, and often indicates kidney weakness. Uric acid causes many queer aches, pains and disorders of the organs. Well kidneys keep uric acid down. Tired, dizzy, nervous people would do well to try Doan's Kidney Pills. They stimulate the kidneys to activity and so help clear the blood of irritating poisons.

A Virginia Case

Mrs. L. C. Nalls, 540 S. Patrick St., Alexandria, Va., says: "My back was so weak and sore I could hardly get around and it was almost impossible for me to straighten after stooping. I couldn't rest well and mornings felt weak and tired. My kidneys were irregular in action and my head ached. Doan's Kidney Pills stopped the backaches and my kidneys haven't troubled me since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

COLD IN HEAD CATARRH

INSTANTLY RELIEVED BY THE OLD DR MARSHALL'S CATARRH SNUFF

25¢

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and books free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

MILLIONS MADE annually out of oil in Oklahoma. This is splendid chance for small investment. Yield great returns. For particulars write, American Industrial Oil Co., Oklahoma City, Okla.

Drinking of Water

(BY V. M. PIERCE, M. D.)

The general conclusions of the latest Medical Scientists proves that drinking plenty of pure water both between meals and with one's meals is beneficial to health. It has now been proven by means of the X-rays and actual tests upon many healthy young men that the drinking of large amounts of water *with meals* is often beneficial. Therefore if you want to keep healthy drink plenty of pure water (not ice water), both with your meals and between meals. If you ever suffer from backache, lumbago, rheumatism, or any of the symptoms of kidney trouble—such as deep colored urine, sediment in urine, getting out of bed at night frequently and other troublesome effects, take a little Anuric before meals. These Anuric Tablets can be obtained at almost any drug store.

MOTHERS, ATTENTION!

Clarksburg, W. Va.—"I heard of Dr. Pierce's remedies and used them when living in Ridgway, W. Va., where we kept a store. I was in a delicate way and 'Favorite Prescription' with 'Golden Medical Discovery' made me comfortable and built me up. I was greatly benefited and I am glad to recommend it."—MRS. JOHNSON ANDERSON, School St.

Get the "Prescription" today, in liquid or tablet form, from any druggist, or send Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 10c for large trial package.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are purely vegetable with no calomel.—Adv.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 & $5.00 FOR MEN AND WOMEN

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take no other make. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas
President
W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.

Boys' Shoes
Best in the World
$3.00 $2.50 & $2.00

WINCHESTER

Hammerless Shotguns

Model 1912

Extra Light Weight

Made in 12, 16 and 20 Gauges

There's no need of carrying a heavy gun. Winchester Model 1912 shotguns are made entirely of nickel steel, and hence are the lightest and strongest guns on the market. Be sure to see one before buying. Sold by all dealers.

THE REPEATER PAR EXCELLENCE

GREAT ACTOR ON HIS DIGNITY

Richard Mansfield's Rebuke to Subordinate Who Spoke Lightly of Theatrical Production.

With reference to fine discrimination in the use of the well-known English language, it is possible to overdo the thing.

Diving into the trunk of recollections for the suitable illustration to adorn this remark and point the moral, we find it in Richard Mansfield's occupancy of the Garrick theater in New York days of hilarity on that stage.

To Mansfield this theater was a temple. He tolerated no lightly spoken references to it. One day, when an attache reported, Mansfield gave instructions and started for his dressing room.

"I'll see you after the show," said the business lieutenant in parting.

"'After the show?'" repeated the actor-manager, with dignity. "Are we acrobats?"

"After the performance," replied his associate, humbly.

"'The performance!' exclaimed Mansfield. "Are we ants?"

"I'm very sorry," mumbled the crushed manager; "I'll see you after the play, sir."

"I shall be pleased to see you then," answered Mansfield.

Marriage is a lottery in which many a girl doesn't even get a chance to take a single chance.

To Save Nut Trees.

The Northern Nut Growers' association is trying to save the fine nut trees, says a circular just sent out by the association. The association was founded a few years ago by a surgeon, a family physician, a lawyer, a professor of horticulture and a plain ordinary enthusiast—all tree lovers, of course. Along with the many others who have joined them, they have learned how to graft the nut trees, and they believe that we would have orchards worth $500 or more per acre, if they were composed of trees as good as the best native trees now growing wild right here in the United States.

Hard Work.

David Belasco was talking about Ibsen, whose later plays are greatly admired.

"Ibsen," said Mr. Belasco, "wrote plays in the intervals of stage managing from the age of twenty on. It was only with 'Ghosts,' at the age of sixty, that he won world-wide fame.

"A lady said to Ibsen, on the production of 'Ghosts':

"'What a genius you are!'

"Ibsen turned to his wife:

"'I've worked fifteen hours a day for forty years,' he said ,and now they call me a genius.'"

Natural Theory.

"I see where the captain of the Deutschland says one time she stood on her head. Why did she do that?"

"I suppose for divers reasons."

Think of It—

People cut out tea or coffee before retiring when these beverages interfere with sleep. In the morning they drink freely of them, strangely overlooking the fact that at whatever time of day the cup is drunk the drug, caffeine, in tea and coffee is irritating to the nerves.

More and more people are turning to

Instant Postum

the drug-free, nourishing, comforting cereal drink.

"There's a Reason"

Pigeon Post

By KITTIE COLVILLE

(Copyright, 1915, by W. G. Chapman.)

It was very hard being a young millionaire and having to marry a girl one cared nothing about. Charlie Sanford had about come to that conclusion. He did not care in the least for Marjorie Linfield, but there was no girl in his set he liked better; the marriage had been arranged for years and was dictated in a large measure by business requirements, and, since they were engaged, Charlie did not see any way out of it without violating his conceptions of the honor of a gentleman.

He had dreamed sometimes of a perfect love, but he skeptically wondered whether such a thing ever existed. Marjorie was like an iceberg, her kisses were chillier than snow, and he had only had two during their two years' engagement.

Marjorie was away upstate at her father's bungalow, in the mountains, and Charlie had six weeks before the marriage.

"I've a good mind to get out," he muttered, as he stood in his bachelor apartment. "I've a good mind to disappear, to go west and start all over again."

At that moment a singular thing happened. In through the window flew a white pigeon, which perched familiarly upon his table and began to preen its feathers.

"Some Tame Pigeon of the Neighborhood," Thought Charlie.

"Some tame pigeon of the neighborhood, I suppose," thought Charlie.

Then he perceived that a note was tied about the bird's leg. He went to it and secured it without any difficulty. He unfastened the little pad, opened it, and read, in microscopic writing:

"Oh, if there is such a thing as love in the world, will it not come to me? I am sending out this message in the hope that the need of love will attract love."

It was unsigned. Charlie read it and sniffed scornfully.

"Some sentimental shopgirl!" he said, with curling lip.

But the pathos of the little note began to work upon him. It was nonsense, of course, but Charlie happened to be in a romantic mood. He added a tiny postcard to the letter:

"If there is such a thing as love, I have never known it. And I am to be married."

This note, too, was unsigned. Charlie fastened it about the pigeon's leg, and the bird, as if it knew its mission was fulfilled, flew through the window. Charlie felt ashamed when it had gone. He would have removed the letter, but it was too late.

The episode passed from his mind in preparations for his marriage, until three days later, when at the same hour, the pigeon flew into his room again, with another letter on its leg. Charlie unfastened it with an eagerness that he did not attempt to disguise.

"Will you not tell me who you are?" ran the message. "Perhaps we need each other."

Charlie strode up and down the room in agitation. The temptation to enter into a flirtation with his unknown correspondent was a strong one. For Charlie had never been in love as he had always hoped to be.

Then he came to himself. He wrote a postscript again:

"No. I am to be married. Good-by."

During the days that followed he secretly hoped that the pigeon would return. He knew that if it did he would be powerless to maintain his strength of mind. He had pictured his unknown correspondent a hundred times. Was she dark or fair? Fair, he thought. And young. And loving, even if unsophisticated. It was a good thing that the pigeon did not return, perhaps.

It was Marjorie who returned, a month before the wedding. She was as cold and stately as ever, and Charlie felt her third kiss icy upon his cheek. And he went away with his mind in a whirl. How could he marry this woman to whom love was only a name? He must see her, must ask for his freedom.

Charlie was not a very observant young man, but he did notice that an unusual number of pigeons had taken to circling about the roof of the little apartment house in which he lived. He asked the janitor about them.

"I hope they don't annoy you, Mr. Sanford," said the man apologetically. "It's my little boy. We live up on the top story, and he has taken to raising carrier pigeons."

"Not in the least," said Charlie. "Does he expect to make money out of it?"

"Well, it isn't exactly the money," answerd the janitor. "It was Miss Linfield started him. He was crying that day she and her mother called here, and she asked him about it. He said he had lost his pet pigeon, and she sent him three, from Mr. Linfield's loft, upstairs."

Charlie gasped. He remembered now that Mr. Linfield was interested in pigeons. But—but—it was too incredible to be true!

He wished he had kept those notes, but it would have been impossible anyway to have seen much resemblance between the large handwriting of Marjorie and the microscopic lettering of the pigeon's messages. But could Marjorie have written those? And designedly?

It was late in the evening, but he put on his hat and hurried to the Linfield house. Marjorie was still up. Yes, she would see him. Presently she came down to the room in which Charlie was waiting.

"It's rather late to call, Charlie," said Marjorie, in her tone of gentle reproof.

"Marjorie, did you write those letters?" he asked bluntly. "Those on the pigeons' legs?"

A flood of red rushed to her face. "What do you mean?" she stammered.

"Did you mean the pigeon to come to me?" he continued.

She looked overcome by the discovery. She clasped and unclasped her hands nervously as she answered:

"Yes, I did write them, but I did not mean the pigeon to go to you. You are the last man in the world to whom I should have wished to send them," she added scornfully. "If you wish to know, I had given some of our pigeons to your janitor, and they must have flown back and got mixed with my own. Oh, how you make me hate you, Charlie!"

The glow in her face, her heaving breast lent her a charm that Charlie had never seen before. He advanced to her in agitation and took her hands.

"Why do you hate me, Marjorie?" he asked.

"Because you do not love me, and you know I cannot break my engagement to you."

"Marjorie, how long have you felt that?"

"Always! And now that I have dared to speak I am going to free you. I can never marry you now that you have learned the secret of my heart unless—"

"What?"

"Unless you ever cared for me."

"Marjorie, listen to me. I can learn to care for you—not for you as I knew you, but for the girl I have begun to know dimly in the past weeks. Marjorie, will you let me try?"

"I suppose you can try," she murmured. "Charlie, you mustn't kiss me now that—"

But he did, and Marjorie's fourth kiss was quite different.

GETTING THE COLONEL'S GOAT

Colonel Harta Beetem Entertains the Club With Another Tale of His Remarkable Adventures.

"Goats are curious animals," said Colonel Harta Beetem, silently, apropos of nothing in the world. "Generally, or as a usual thing, one might say, goats are not affectionate creatures, but once a goat grew really fond of me—used to follow me about everywhere with its head in the attitude of butting.

"'Twas while I was in central Mombania hunting V-necked eagles for the new Baltimore institute. I hadn't even so much as caught sight of a V-necked eagle—they're the rarest as well as the most powerful and dangerous species—and each day as I set out, this goat would tag along at my heels, no matter how fast or far I ran. As a tagger it was a peach of a goat.

"Well, gentlemen, one morning the confounded animal swallowed four sticks of dynamite that he found lying about loose. There was no shaking him off. I didn't want to shove him off. I didn't want to shove him hard, or anything of that sort, so he meandered rapidly behind me and I dashed along, avoiding rocky places till finally a bright idea struck me right in the head, and I brought down a zither bird with one well-placed shot and stuck the feathers in the goat's hair till the animal was quite disguised and disgusted, doncha know! I was aware of the fact, you see, that V-necked eagles practically eat nothing but zither birds, and sure enough, mistaking that disguised goat for its natural prey, a V-necked eagle measuring 14 feet from ear to ear, swooped down, soared a thousand feet high with him, squeezed him till the dynamite exploded, and—say, where are you fellows going? All right, I'm with you, boys. Grape juice for mine."—Detroit Free Press.

True Wisdom.

He is the real wise man who can keep from getting the big head when folks praise him for his good deeds.

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY DISEASES

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a remedy for diseases of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of even the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription for special diseases, makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes—fifty cents and one dollar.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

When a young man is intoxicated with love he has his own ideas as to what makes the world go round.

HEAL SKIN TROUBLES

That Itch, Burn and Disfigure by Using Cuticura. Trial Free.

The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal. Rashes, eczemas, pimples, dandruff and sore hands yield to treatment with Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Relief is immediate and healment, in most cases, complete, speedy and permanent.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

It is not necessary to keep the milk of human kindness in a refrigerator. It isn't heat that sours it.

ELIXIR BABEK WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD IN THE PHILIPPINES.

"I contracted malaria in 1898, and after a year's fruitless treatment by a prominent Washington physician, your **Elixir Babek** entirely cured me. On arriving here I came down with tropical malaria—the worst form—and sent home for **Babek**. Again it proved its value—It is worth its weight in gold here." Brasle O'Hagan, Troop E, 8th U. S. Cavalry, Balayan, Philippines.

Elixir Babek, 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcels Post, prepaid, from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

However, few men are as black as they are painted, and few are as white as they are whitewashed.

Acid Stomach, Heartburn and Nausea quickly disappear with the use of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. Send for trial box to 372 Pearl St., New York. Adv.

Luckily for the best man at a wedding that he's content with second place.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Dissipation and Health.

Here's another neighborhood story from Columbia, Tenn.

An aged mother, it seems, was scolding her oldest son for some of his bad habits.

"Ain't you 'shamed of yourself," she exclaimed, "to be chawin' tobaccer and smokin' that old pipe? You are jes' ruinin' your health."

"But listen, ma," replied her son, "I am seventy years of age, ain't I?"

"Yes, you is," admitted the mother, "but maybe if you didn't chaw an' smoke you'd be ninety now."—Youngstown Telegram.

Salvation Diet.

First Moth—Why so thin and emaciated, brother?

Second Ditto—I was shut up all winter with a young lady's bathing suit. Not another bite to eat in the closet!—Punch Bowl.

MOTHER'S JOY SALVE

for Colds, Croup, Pneumonia and Asthma; GOOSE GREASE LINIMENT for Neuralgia, Rheumatism and Sprains. For sale by all Druggists. GOOSE GREASE COMPANY, MFR'S., Greensboro, N. C.—Adv.

A man may wake his first baby just to see it laugh, but he never disturbs the peaceful slumber of the second.

You can't tell what a man is until you argue with him. If his opinions fail to jibe with yours, he's a crank.

Backache

Yager's Liniment is excellent for any kind of pain or congestion. It quickly relieves backache and rheumatic pains, and is a splendid remedy for Neuralgia, Sciatica, chest pains, sprains, strains, swellings and enlargements.

Keep a bottle in your home for emergencies—you never can tell when you will require something of the sort.

The 25 cent bottle of Yager's Liniment contains four times as much as the usual bottle of liniment sold for that price.

AT ALL DEALERS

YAGER'S LINIMENT

GILBERT BROS. & CO.
BALTIMORE, MD.

Son—"What's the matter, Father, you look as though you wasn't enjoying your grub?"

Father—"I'm enjoying it well enough only I'm thinking how I got to suffer with my dyspepsia afterwards. Gee whiz, but I'd give a farm if I could turn myself loose and eat every gol-darned thing I want, same as other folks do."

Poor old chap didn't know about the great remedy

Green's August Flower

A blessing to those with weak stomachs, constipation, nervous indigestion and similar disorders. When the stomach and bowels are in working order general good health prevails. When not in working order, use Green's August Flower. 25c. and 75c. at all Druggists.

Don't Delay Time Flies

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS CARDS

ENGRAVED AND EMBOSSED
THE PRETTIEST LINE MADE
16 assorted, with envelopes, $1.00
36 assorted, with envelopes, $2.00
DELIVERED FREE ANYWHERE
Express money order or cash with order
MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT SATISFIED
LURIE, 156 Broadway, New York.

Excellent for Coughs & Colds

HALE'S HONEY

of Horehound & Tar

All Druggists

Use Pike's Toothache Drops

Every Woman Wants

Paxtine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE

Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50c. all druggists, or postpaid by mail. The Paxton Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

"ROUGH on RATS" Ends Rats, Mice, Bugs. Die outdoors. 15c and 25c.

Bumper Grain Crops

Good Markets—High Prices

Prizes Awarded to Western Canada for Wheat, Oats, Barley, Alfalfa and Grasses

The winnings of Western Canada at the Soil Products Exposition at Denver were easily made. The list comprised Wheat, Oats, Barley and Grasses, the most important being the prizes for Wheat and Oats and sweep stake on Alfalfa.

No less important than the splendid quality of Western Canada's wheat and other grains, is the excellence of the cattle fed and fattened on the grasses of that country. A recent shipment of cattle to Chicago topped the market in that city for quality and price.

Western Canada produced in 1915 one-third as much wheat as all of the United States, or over 300,000,000 bushels.

Canada in proportion to population has a greater exportable surplus of wheat this year than any country in the world, and at present prices you can figure out the revenue for the producer. In Western Canada you will find good markets, splendid schools, exceptional social conditions, perfect climate and other great attractions. **There is no war tax on land and no conscription.**

Send for illustrated pamphlet and ask for reduced railway rates, information as to best locations, etc Address Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

J. P. JAFFRAY, Cor. Walnut and Broad Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.
Canadian Government Agent

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1916

Georges Valley

B. F. Limbert, of Brush Valley, is building a lime kiln for D. D. Decker.

A. S. Lingle and Miss Maggie Immel spent Sunday with friends in Mifflin county.

Mr. and Mrs. William Lingle, of Tusseyville, spent Sunday at the home of W. P. Lingle.

W. C. Meyer and Miss Abbie Barger autoed from State College on Sunday and spent the day with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Barger.

Lloyd Ripka, the 5-year-old son of C. J. Ripka, had the misfortune of breaking his arm one day last week while playing at school.

William Wherry, James Creg and son George and C. E. Seibert, all of Yeagertown, spent Sunday afternoon at the home of James Foust.

Those who spent Sunday at the John Decker home in Decker Valley were Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Decker, Mrs. Dolen Decker and Miss Erie Decker, of Spring Mills.

Woodward.

Master James Ard, from Aaronsburg, spent a few days last week with his father, Wilson Ard.

Mrs. Hoover and son-in-law, Clyde Kalb, from Lock Haven, spent the greater part of last week at the home of Thomas Wolfe.

Calvin Eby and wife, from New York City, spent a few days with Mr. Eby's parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Eby.

The teachers—Miss Lida Hosterman, Messrs. Charles Musser, Clair Kreamer and Earl Weber—are attending institute at Bellefonte this week.

Edward Sheesley and Miss Mary Boone were united in marriage Sunday noon by Rev. Brown, at the home of the groom's parents.

Charles Orndorf and family and Daniel Benner and wife spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Nittany.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Hess and children, Miss Francis and Eby, from Yeagertown, spent the Sabbath with the lady's parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Eby.

Tusseyville

Michael Rossman purchased a spry young horse one day last week.

James Wert, of Aaronsburg, visited for a few days with his sons, John and Claude Wert.

Mrs. George Spangler, from Centre Hall, is visiting among relatives and friends for a few weeks.

Mrs. Claude Wert is spending a few days in Mifflin county among relatives.

Mrs. Michael Rossman and Mrs. William Bitner spent Wednesday at Potters Mills.

Mrs. Maria Wagner and Mrs. George Spangler spent Saturday at the William Martz home.

Charles Slutterbeck shot a bear, weighing 265 lbs., in their corn field below J. L. Runkle's orchard, on Saturday.

CLEANLINESS AGAINST INFANTILE PARALYSIS.

Little Talks on Health and Hygiene] by Samuel G. Dixon, M. D., LL. D., D. Sc. Commissioner of Health.

It used to be the custom for housewives to cleanse their homes twice a year and now advanced sanitation requires that the home must be kept clean at all times.

The benefit of cleanliness about the home reflects both upon the physical health and the morality of our people. The necessity of cleanliness in our homes has become so manifest that it is not worth while to dwell further upon it.

During the recent battle against infantile paralysis, we took two small towns which were badly infected with the disease and had the homes cleansed, insect life destroyed, food kept clean and no garbage, ash piles or manure was allowed to collect. The streets and alleys were made clean in each town and infantile paralysis rapidly disappeared. The cleaning up of the municipalities seemed to run parallel with the subsiding of the disease.

The fact that the disease spreads at times beyond the boundary lines of these dirty breeding places is no argument against the theory of cleanliness as a preventative of infantile paralysis. At present it is well to look upon filth and insect life as factors taking a large part in permitting the so-called plague to invade our homes.

There has been much said upon the possibility of an epidemic next year. This will not necessarily follow. It might however and certainly it will come back some day.

Cleanliness regarding our children, homes, stables, yards and towns as well as guarding our houses from all kinds of insect life must be insisted upon by each individual citizen and by those in charge of the health and cleanliness of our towns, country, villages and homes.

That man Wallace White is some driller. At one place he drills for water, and finds it, at another he drills to bury water and finds a sink. He always gets what he is after—if he keeps on going. Many others could do the same thing if they would.

Constables Pay for Setting Auto Traps.

Constables who have been setting traps for autoists and reaping financial harvests through arrests and threats of arrest, in Luzerne county, have been treated roughly by the grand jury.

One constable brought in eleven cases against autoists. All were ignored, and he was saddled with the costs. Another constable had ten cases ignored and was forced to pay the costs. The third had eight cases ignored, but the county was ordered to pay the costs.

The purpose of the grand jury, the members say, was "to teach 'fee crazy' constables of the county a lesson."

It had come to the attention of the jury that in many sections constables do nothing but prey on autoists, and that they have been collecting much easy money through arrests and threats of arrest.

The Youth's Companion Calendar For 1917.

The Publishers of The Youth's Companion are presenting, as always at this season, to every subscriber whose subscription is paid for 1917, a calendar for the new year. It is decidedly unusual, and strikingly artistic. The colors are well chosen and richly blended. It was made primarily, however, for actual use, and is well named the Practical Home Calendar.

Transfers of Real Estate.

B. H. Arney et ux to Reuben Garis, tract of land in Potter Twp. $75.

D. F. Bowersox et al to D. F. Bowersox, tract of land in Penn Twp. $1.00.

Cure that cold
—Do it today.

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE

The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opiates—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's picture on it—25 cents.
At Any Drug Store

Essenkay
"ENDS TIRE TROUBLES"

ESSENKAY, the wonderful substitute for air, positively ends tire troubles—prevents punctures, blow outs, and "slow leaks"—doubles life of your casings, cuts tire expense about half—makes carrying of extra tubes, tires or rims unnecessary.

No Punctures
No Blowouts

We secured the exclusive agency for ESSENKAY Tire Filler because we *proved positively* its remarkable merit. If you knew the expense, time and worry that ESSENKAY has saved thousands of car owners during the past five years, you wouldn't go another day without it. *We have convincing proof!* Let us "show you."

Come in—See for yourself!

S. S. ISHLER, Centre Hall, Pa.

Sale Register.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18TH, at 12 o'clock, James Houser, 1 mile North of Penn Hall, will sell farm stock, machinery and household goods.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 21, at 10 o'clock a. m., J. H. McCool, 1 and 1-2 miles east of Tusseyville, will sell: Five horses, one colt, 11 milch cows, 6 head young cattle, brood sow, lot of farm implements.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23rd, at 10 o'clock a. m. Robert Glasgow, on the Michael Spicher farm, 3 miles west of Old Fort on Earlystown road, will sell: 6 work horses, including bay Belgian stallion, 5 years old, weight 1470; bay gelding, 4 yrs. old, weight 1260; black mare, 8 yrs. old, weighs 1340; roan mare, 11 yrs. old, with foal, a safe driver; black team, 5 yrs. old, weighs 2740; sorrel horse, two years old; black horse, 2 years old; one yearling mare colt; colt, 6 months old. Colts will make good heavy chunks. Eleven large milch cows, 5 were fresh August 1st; all shorthorn stock except two head which are Holsteins. 7-8 full bred Holstein bull. Three fine heifers, 18 months old; one steer, 18 months old; all are in good shape for butcher. 5 calves, old from spring. Two good Chesterwhite sows; one full bred Chesterwhite boar; 11 shoats.

New 2 horse wagon, used only four months; 2-horse Kramer wagon, new 16-in. disc harrow; McCormick 6-ft. binder, McCormick 6-ft. cut mower, 12-ft. McCormick hay rake, good Keystone hay loader, Keystone side rake, good Albright riding cultivator, Bran new "Penna" Grain Drill, used only one season, Pa. cultivator, 2 Oliver Chill plows, harrow, double and single trees, cant hooks, other articles too numerous to mention.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 28th, at 10 o'clock a. m., on the Alexander McCoy farm, 1-4 mile west of Potters Mills, Cyrus Brungart, Administrator, will sell farm stock, implements, house hold goods, etc. A clean-up sale. Free lunch. Mayes, auct.

TUESDAY, MARCH 6TH, 10 o'clock a. m., 3 miles west of Centre Hall, on Henry Potter farm, Daniel Callahan will sell: farm stock, implements, etc.; a clean up sale.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7th, at 10 o'clock a. m., J. T. Potter and Jas. Callahan, will sell on the old Potter homestead, four miles west of Centre Hall: Farm stock, implements, etc.; clean up sale of everything.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 14TH, at ten o'clock a. m., L. R. Lingle, one-half mile west of Old Fort, on Earlystown road, will sell farm stock and implements. This will be a clean-up sale of everything on the farm.

THURSDAY, MARCH 15th, two miles east of Centre Hall, by Sharer & Keller: Clean up sale of farm stock and implements.

SATURDAY, MARCH 17, 1 o'clock p. m., to the rear of Reporter office, Centre Hall; Five pairs of mated mules, two years old at time of sale. These mules will be trained and hitched on forenoon o sale day. Also a lot of cows, fresh and springing

TUESDAY, MARCH 20th, 9 o'clock a. m., W. F. Stover, one-half mile east of Penn Hall, on the road leading to Brushvalley, will sell live stock, farm implements and household goods. Wise and Hubler, aucts.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21st, 10 a. m., about two miles west of Tusseyville, by D. Geiss Wagner Clean up sale of farm stock and implements.

THURSDAY, MARCH 22nd, at 10 o'clock a. m., R. D. Musser, one mile north of Spring Mills, will sell all farm stock, including 30 head of Holstein cattle: also farm implements. A clean-up sale of everything.

FRIDAY, MARCH, 23rd, at 10 o'clock a. m., John Snavely, at Spring Mills, will sell lot of farm stock and implements. A clean-up sale. L. F. Mayes, auct.

SATURDAY, MARCH 24, 12 o'clock, at Centre Hill, by Lloyd R. Smith: stock sale, consisting of horse, colts, cows, young cattle, hogs and sheep. Mayes, auct.

CYRUS BRUNGART
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Special attention given to collecting. Legal writings of all classes, including deeds, mortgages agreements, etc.; marriage licenses and hunter's licenses secured, and all matters pertaining to the office attended to promptly. oct6,1216 pd

L. C. BULLOCK, JR.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
STATE COLLEGE, PA.

Legal business promptly attended to.
The collector who collects and pays promptly. Money to loan on easy terms. $1000 or as much as you want oct12-1yr

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—

The undersigned offers for sale house and lot, situated on Church street, in the borough of Centre Hall. House is in excellent state of repair and contains bath. Immediate possession can be given. Apply to— MRS. MARY ROSS,
Centre Hall, Pa.

OILS & GASOLINE

I receive carload shipments and can supply you at all times at lowest prices.

Bring your barrels and drums and try my oils and gasoline.

William McClenahan
WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTOR
CENTRE HALL, PA.

WELL MADE; ACTIVE;
SEATS 7; $1280

Quality runs through the 7 passenger 6-30 Chalmers like a vein of gold in a mine. That is one reason for its supreme ability in action.

The price is very low on this car—$1280 until November 30. After that $1350.

(All prices f. o. b. Detroit.)

LEE MOTOR CAR CO.
Spring Mills, Pa.

Cows and Kerosene

Old Bossy gives excellent milk on sweet clover and new, tender grass. But if she gets into garlic or eats too many pumpkins—well, you know what happens then.

But do you know what's wrong when your lamp smells, smokes and flickers? Very often it's because it's consuming the wrong kind of food—ordinary kerosene instead of

ATLANTIC Rayolight OIL

Atlantic Rayolight Oil doesn't smoke up the ceiling and foul the air with that nasty burning odor. Why? Because it's so highly refined and thoroughly purified that it can't. But it does give you a clearer light and a more radiant heat than you ever experienced in a lamp or oil stove before. Try it in your lantern some dark night and see the difference.

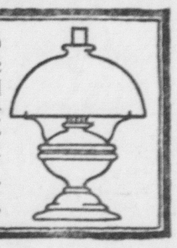
There's a big feeling of satisfaction in having a barrel of Atlantic Rayolight Oil on your place. *Ask for it by name* and be sure the brand name is on the barrel before you take it home.

THE ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY
PITTSBURGH AND PHILADELPHIA

Defy the Weather

Let the wind howl. A Perfection Oil Heater can be used in any part of the house. Want to sit up late? Bank the fires and keep cozy with the cheerful, warmful glow of your Perfection Oil Heater. It never smells or smokes. There are no ashes, soot or dirt. Your dealer will show you Perfection Oil Heaters reasonably priced at $3.50 to $5.00.

A Rayo Lamp burning Atlantic Rayolight Oil makes reading a delight. Your dealer will show you many designs, $1.90 up.



ATLANTIC Rayolight OIL FOR SALE HERE

Go to the store that displays this sign: "Atlantic Rayolight Oil For Sale Here." You'll find it a good place to buy regularly.

Oysters

From now you will find us supplied with the choicest quality of Oysters the market affords.

Two grades—for stewing and frying.

FRESH CRACKERS
THE GOOD CRISPY KIND, that fairly melt in the mouth.

BREAD, PIES AND CAKES
ALWAYS FRESH AND GOOD

CANNED GOODS
of various kinds.

Pennington's
BAKERY
In the Hotel Building
CENTRE HALL

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal) A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

QUICK SALE of J. H. Krumbine property situated in Centre Hall boro. Desirable location good buildings; must sell quick. Seize this good opportunity.—CHAS. D. BARTHOLOMEW agent Centre Hall, Pa.

JUST RECEIVED
Carload
Red Cedar
Shingles
Which we are offering at Special Prices

Zettle & Lucas
CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS
Proprietors
Centre Hall Planing Mill,
Centre Hall, Pa.

Insurance and Real Estate
Want to Buy or Sell?
SEE US FIRST
Chas. D. Bartholomew
CENTRE HALL, PA.

New Fall and Winter Goods

SWEATERS.—Cotton, part wool, and all wool, 50c to $7.25.

COTTON AND WOOL UNDERWEAR for men, women and children.

HEAVY HOSE—Wool or cotton; Fine hose for children.

CAPS AND SCARFS for Misses and children.

WORK SHIRTS, Blouses and Overalls for men.

BED BLANKETS in wool, wool and cotton and cotton.

HORSE BLANKETS and Stable blankets.

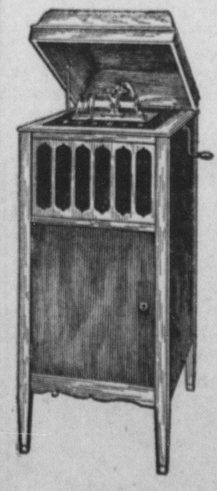
FRESH CAKES AND CKACKERS.

SUNBURY BREAD, fresh every day. Still 5 and 10 cent loaves.

H. F. Rossman
SPRING MILLS, PA.

YOU CAN HAVE CHRISTMAS ALL THE YEAR 'ROUND IF SANTA CLAUS BRINGS A

NEW EDISON Diamond Amberola



A New Edison Diamond Amberola is the ideal Christmas Gift because every member of the family can share the pleasure it affords every day in the year.

The name Edison on a phonograph means a perfect musical instrument, not a mere "talking" machine.

A call on the Bell phone will bring me to your home for a demonstration.

J. L. DECKER, Centre Hall, Pa.